



ESTD: 2001
We Succeed with a Difference

RNS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Autonomous Institution affiliated to Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi
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Dr. B. N. Shetty
Founder



DEPARTMENT OF CSE - AI & ML

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

Scheme and Syllabus of III & IV Semesters

2024 SCHEME





Scheme and Syllabus Batch 2024 - 2028

(As per NEP-2020)
(Effective from the academic year 2024 – 25)

ESTD : 2001

An Institute with a Difference

About RNSIT

RNS Institute of Technology, familiar as RNSIT was established in the year 2001. It is the brainchild of Dr. R. N. Shetty, a well-known industrialist, and a great philanthropist. The institution was established with the sole purpose of imparting quality education in Engineering, Technology and Management. Being one of the premier engineering colleges in the country RNSIT is marching towards placing itself in the global map by excelling in academics and placements.

Lush green campus, state of the art infrastructure, well equipped laboratories, hundreds of activities, numerous new initiatives, consistent VTU ranks, path breaking placements, cultural extravaganza, Sports events, 5600+ students and 300+ faculty – with all these RNSIT has become dream destination for engineering aspirants across the country.

Vision

Building RNSIT into a World Class Institution

Mission

To impart high quality education in Engineering, Technology and Management with a difference, enabling students to excel in their career by

- Attracting quality Students and preparing them with a strong foundation in fundamentals so as to achieve distinctions in various walks of life leading to outstanding contributions
- Imparting value based, need based, choice based and skill based professional education to the aspiring youth and carving them into disciplined, World class Professionals with social responsibility
- Promoting excellence in Teaching, Research and Consultancy that galvanizes academic consciousness among Faculty and Students
- Exposing Students to emerging frontiers of knowledge in various domains and make them suitable for Industry, Entrepreneurship, Higher studies, and Research & Development
- Providing freedom of action and choice for all the Stakeholders with better visibility

About CSE (AI & ML)

The Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine learning Engineering at RNSIT was established in the year 2020, aiding to the learning in the booming field of AI. The Department provides an excellent learning ambience which encourages the students into deep research in this field.

RNSIT has established a very supportive learning culture along with excellent infrastructure which meets all the requirements of the students to have a blissful experience in their learning journey. AI&ML being the most trending topic in the industry is turning heads and attracting more people into this field. The department has conducted and hosted many insightful webinars, seminars, workshops, certification courses, expert talks, etc. which broaden the students' knowledge. The department integrates Traditional Teaching with Coursera, NASSCOM, IBM Cognitive Class and Infosys Springboard which enables students to get the most out of their study time. Student development programs are organised to train students on current industry requirements like AI, Machine Learning, Data Science, IOT, Python Programming, Cloud Computing, Android Development, Web Technologies etc.

Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning are as much a part of our lives as smart phones now. Every walk of life, every job now has AI&ML intertwined with it. Every global company that needs engineers also needs them to have considerable skills in AI&ML. At AI&ML RNSIT, the students are prepared for the future where AI&ML hold the key to success. The department has an ecosystem which enables teaching, nurturing and training the AI&ML graduates to be formidable engineers who can identify, define, and solve problems using the state-of-the-art technology to develop the society as well as the world into a seamlessly connected ecosystem.

Vision

Empowering AI & ML Engineers to seamlessly integrate society and technology

Mission

- To Inculcate, strong mathematical foundations as applied to AIML domain.
- To Equip AIML graduates with skills to meet Industrial and Societal challenges.
- To Foster ethical values & engineering norms and standards in AIML graduates.

Programme Educational Objectives

AI&ML graduates are required to:

- **PEO1:** Demonstrate their AI&ML expertise and skills in solving contemporary problems.
- **PEO2:** Pursue their professional career and/or higher studies in the domain of AI&ML.
- **PEO3:** Communicate effectively, show proactive involvement, have ethical and professional behaviour while working in multi-disciplinary/ diverse teams.

Program Outcomes (Revised)

1. **PO1: Engineering Knowledge:** Apply knowledge of mathematics, natural science, computing, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialization as specified in WK1 to WK4 respectively to develop to the solution of complex engineering problems.
2. **PO2: Problem Analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions with consideration for sustainable development. (WK1 to WK4)
3. **PO3: Design/Development of Solutions:** Design creative solutions for complex engineering problems and design/develop systems/components/processes to meet identified needs with consideration for the public health and safety, whole-life cost, net zero carbon, culture, society and environment as required. (WK5)
4. **PO4: Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems:** Conduct investigations of complex engineering problems using research-based knowledge including design of experiments, modelling, analysis & interpretation of data to provide valid conclusions. (WK8).
5. **PO5: Engineering Tool Usage:** Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering & IT tools, including prediction and modelling recognizing their limitations to solve complex engineering problems. (WK2 and WK6)
6. **PO6: The Engineer and The World:** Analyze and evaluate societal and environmental aspects while solving complex engineering problems for its impact on sustainability with reference to economy, health, safety, legal framework, culture and environment. (WK1, WK5, and WK7).
7. **PO7: Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics, human values, diversity and inclusion; adhere to national & international laws. (WK9)
8. **PO8: Individual and Collaborative Teamwork:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse/multi-disciplinary teams.
9. **PO9: Communication:** Communicate effectively and inclusively within the engineering community and society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations considering cultural, language, and learning differences
10. **PO10: Project Management and Finance:** Apply knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, and to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

11. **PO11: Life-Long Learning:** Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability for i) independent and life-long learning ii) adaptability to new and emerging technologies and iii) critical thinking in the broadest context of technological change. (WK8)

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

The CSE –AI &ML graduates will have

- **PSO1: Domain Knowledge:** Relate to the fundamental AI&ML concepts.
- **PSO2: Skill Set:** Develop AI&ML solutions through design, implementation and evaluation.
- **PSO3: Adaptability:** Adapt to constantly changing AI&ML landscape for futuristic challenges.





III SEMESTER SUBJECTS

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B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Discrete Mathematics and Statistical Inference		
Course Code:	BCS301	CIE MARKS	50
(L :T : P) + SL	(3:0:0) + (45 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	3	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
The objectives of the course are to facilitate the learner to			
1. To help students to understand discrete and continuous mathematical structures. 2. To impart basics of relations and functions. 3. To facilitate students in applying principles of Recurrence Relations to find the generating functions and solve the Recurrence relations. 4. To provide the principles of statistical inferences and the basics of hypothesis testing with emphasis on some commonly encountered hypothesis.			
Module-1			9 Hours
The Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and Proofs of Theorems.			
Textbook 1: Ch - 2.1 to 2.5			
Module-2			9 Hours
Mathematical Induction, The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions. Fundamental Principles of Counting: The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations – The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition.			
Textbook 1: Ch- 1.1 to 1.41, 4.1 to 4.21			
Module-3			9 Hours
Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions. Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions.			
Textbook 1: Ch - 5.1 to 5.3, 5.6 to 5.11			
Module-4			9 Hours
The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalization of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials. Recurrence Relations: First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients.			
Textbook 1: Ch - 8.1 to 8.5, 10.1 to 10.2			
Module-5			9 Hours

Introduction to Statistical Inference, Point Estimation, Confidence Intervals, Hypothesis Testing - Basics: Null and Alternative Hypothesis, Type I and Type II Errors, z – test for large samples, t-Test (One-Sample, Two-Sample, Paired), Chi-Square Test for Independence & Goodness-of-Fit.

Textbook 1: Ch- 27.1 to 27.8

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply logical reasoning and various proof strategies (direct, contradiction, induction) to validate mathematical theorems and logical statements.
CO2	Explain and analyze discrete structures such as sets, logic, and combinatorics to identify their role in solving computational problems.
CO3	Apply and analyze relations, functions, and partially ordered sets to model and interpret discrete mathematical structures in computing systems.
CO4	Solve and evaluate recurrence relations and generating functions in the context of algorithm analysis and problem modelling.
CO5	Apply and interpret statistical estimation and hypothesis testing to assess engineering problems and evaluate conclusions using confidence intervals.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.			

Textbooks

1. **Ralph P. Grimaldi**: “Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics”, 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. **B.S.Grewal**: “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna publishers, 44th Ed., 2021.

Reference Books

1. **Ralph P. Grimaldi, B V Ramana**: “Discrete Mathematical Structures an Applied Introduction”, 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. **B. V. Ramana**: “Higher Engineering Mathematics” McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed., 2017.
3. **S C Gupta, V K Kapoor**: “Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics”, Sultan Chand & Sons Publication, 12th edition.
4. **H. K. Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma**: “Higher Engineering Mathematics” S. Chand Publication, 3rd Ed., 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
2. [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
3. <http://academicearth.org/>
4. <http://www.themathpage.com/>
5. <http://www.abstractmath.org/>
6. <http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/>

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

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B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Logic Design & Computer Organization		
Course Code:	BCS302	CIE MARKS	50
(L : T : P) + SL	(3:0:2) + (45 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	4	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Demonstrate the functionalities of binary logic system 2. Explain the working of combinational and sequential logic system 3. Realize the basic structure of computer system 4. Illustrate the working of I/O operations and processing unit			
Module-1			9 Hours
Introduction to Digital Design: Binary Logic, Axiomatic Definition of Boolean Algebra, Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra, Boolean Functions, Digital Logic Gates Gate Level Minimization: Introduction, The Map Method, Four-Variable Map, Don't-Care Conditions, NAND and NOR Implementation, Exclusive-OR Function Hardware Description Language – Verilog Model of a simple circuit. Textbook 1: Chapter-1(1.9), Chapter-2(2.3-2.5,2.8), Chapter-3(3.1- 3.3, 3.6-3.7, 3.9, 3.11)			
Module-2			9 Hours
Combinational Logic: Introduction, Combinational Circuits, Design Procedure, Binary Adder- Subtractor, Decimal adder, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers. HDL (Verilog) Models of Combinational Circuits – Adder, Multiplexer, Decoder. Sequential Logic: Introduction, Sequential Circuits, Storage Elements: Latches, Flip-Flops- JK, Characteristic Tables Textbook 1: Chapter-4(4.1-4.2, 4.4-4.6, 4.9-4.12), Chapter-5(5.1-5.4)			
Module-3			9 Hours
Registers: Registers, 4 bit Register with parallel load, shift Register: 4 bit shift Register, Serial transfer, Serial Addition Counters: Ripple Counters: Design of 4-Bit Binary ripple counter using D & T Flip-flops Synchronous Counters: 4 bit Binary counter, 4 Bit Up/Down Binary counter, Design of Counter with Unused States Textbook 1: Chapter-6(6.1- 6.5)			

Module-4	9 Hours
Basic Structure of Computers: Functional Units, Basic Operational Concepts, Bus structure, Performance – Processor Clock, Basic Performance Equation, Clock Rate, Performance Measurement. Machine Instructions and Programs: Memory Location and Addresses, Memory Operations, Instruction and Instruction sequencing, Addressing Modes. Text book 2: Chapter-1(1.2-1.4, 1.6), Chapter-2(2.2-2.5)	
Module-5	9 Hours
Input/output Organization: Accessing I/O Devices, Interrupts – Interrupt Hardware, Enabling and Disabling Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access: Bus Arbitration. Cache memory, Mapping functions- Direct, Associative, Set-associative Basic Processing Unit: Some Fundamental Concepts- Register Transfers, Performing ALU operations, Fetching a word from Memory, Storing a word in memory. Execution of a Complete Instruction. Text book 2: Chapter-4(4.1, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.2.3, 4.4), Chapter-5(5.5, 5.5.1), Chapter-7(7.1-7.2)	

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl. No.	EXPERIMENTS
PART A	
1	Realization of Logic gates AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR and XNOR using Verilog HDL
2	Given a 4-Variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same using Basic gates in Verilog HDL.
3	Design Verilog HDL to implement simple circuits using Structural, Data flow and Behavioural model.
4	Design Verilog HDL to implement Half and Full Adder.
5	Design Verilog HDL to implement Half and Full Subtractor.
PART B	
6	Design Verilog HDL to implement 4 bit Binary Full adder, a 4 bit Binary Subtractor and simulate the same using basic gates.
7	Design Verilog HDL to implement Different types of Multiplexer - 2:1, 4:1 and 8:1.
8	Design Verilog HDL to implement Different types of De-Multiplexer- 1:2, 1:4 and 1:8
9	Design Verilog HDL for implementing various types of Flip-Flops such as JK and D
10	Design a 4 bit Ripple counter and implement with Verilog HDL
Demo Experiment	
1	Verilog implementation of AND, OR, and NOT logic gates using a MacCulloch-Pitts Perceptron model (single-layer Feedforward Neural Network).

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply the fundamental concepts of Binary logic, Boolean algebra, and logic gate minimization using Karnaugh Map (K-MAP) techniques.
CO2	Design and analyse Combinational and Sequential circuits.
CO3	Develop and evaluate the functionality of registers and counters.
CO4	Elaborate the fundamental structure and key performance parameters of a computer system.
CO5	Describe the concepts of Input/Output (I/O) organization and the process of instruction execution in a basic processing unit.

ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION REGULATIONS OF IPCC

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE- IA Tests (A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical (C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical (A + B + C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE (D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks

1. M. Morris Mano and Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design with an Introduction to Verilog Design", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
2. Carl V. Hamacher, Zvonko G. Vranesic, and Safwat G. Zaky, "Computer Organization", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2002.
3. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture- designing for performance", 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2010.

Reference Books

1. M. Morris Mano and Charles R. Kime, "Logic and Computer Design Fundamentals", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
2. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, "Computer Organization and Design", 4th Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2009.
3. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Structured Computer Organization", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2006

Weblinks:

1. <https://cse02-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/>
2. <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-111-introductory-digital-systems-laboratory-fall-2006/>
3. <https://circuitverse.org/>
4. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-organization-and-architecture-tutorials/>
5. NPTEL : <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117105080>
6. NPTEL: <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102062>

Self – Study topics:

- Finite State Machine (FSM) Design Using Verilog- Implementation of Mealy and Moore machines for real-time applications.
- RISC vs. CISC Architectures- Comparative study of instruction sets, execution efficiency, and real-world processor examples.
- Introduction to FPGA-Based Digital Design- Basics of Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs) and using HDL for hardware synthesis.
- Pipelining in CPU Design- Study of instruction pipeline stages, pipeline hazards, and performance improvement techniques.

Activity Based Learning

- Flipped Classroom
- Group Discussion (GD)
- Student Seminars
- Project Based Learning
- **Peer Teaching** - Make Groups and give crosswords related to the subject by using <https://www.ohmydots.com/creator-crossword.html>
- Hands-on Practical Session using IC Trainer Kit- To provide students with real-time exposure to implementing digital logic circuits using physical ICs and wiring on a trainer kit.

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Operating Systems		
Course Code:	BCS303	CIE MARKS	50
(L :T : P) + SL	(3:0:2) + (45 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	4	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:			
1. Understand the fundamental concepts and architecture of operating systems, including system structure, services, and system calls.			
2. Analyse and apply concepts of process, thread, and CPU scheduling, along with inter-process communication and synchronization techniques.			
3. Explain and evaluate memory management strategies, including paging, segmentation, and virtual memory techniques.			
4. Demonstrate knowledge of file systems, storage structures, and protection mechanisms, and use relevant system-level commands and APIs for managing OS resources			
Module-1		9 Hours	
Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations.			
Operating System Services: User-Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-1(1.1-1.5), Chapter-2(2.2-2.7)			
Module-2		9 Hours	
Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Interprocess communication.			
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues.			
Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processors scheduling.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-3(3.1-3.4), Chapter-4(4.1-4.4), Chapter-5(5.1-5.3,5.5)			
Module-3		9 Hours	
Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization.			
Deadlocks: System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-6 (6.1-6.6), Chapter-7(7.1-7.7)			
Module-4		9 Hours	

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

Textbook 1: Chapter-8(8.1-8.6), Chapter 9(9.1-9.6)

Module-5

9 Hours

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory and Disk structure

Implementing File System: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Freespace management.

Secondary Storage Structure, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk Attachment, Disk scheduling;

Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix.

Textbook 1: Chapter-10(10.1-10.3), Chapter-11(11.1-11.5), Chapter-12(12.1-12.4), Chapter-14(14.1-14.4)

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

EXPERIMENTS

Sl.No	PART A
1.	Develop a C program to implement the Process system calls (fork (), exec (), wait(), create process, terminate process)
2.	Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time a) FCFS b) Round Robin
3.	Develop a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.
4.	Develop a C program which demonstrates interprocess communication between a reader process and a writer process. Use mkfifo, open, read, write and close APIs in your program.
5.	Develop a C program to simulate the Linked file allocation strategies
6.	Develop a C program to simulate SCAN disk scheduling algorithm.
PART B (Case Study Based Learning)	
1.	CPU Scheduling – Priority, SJF, SRTF A real-time OS for a medical monitoring device needs responsive CPU scheduling for patient alerts, logging, and UI display. Questions: - Given a set of processes with burst time and priorities, simulate execution under Priority Scheduling, SJF, and SRTF. - Which algorithm ensures minimum response time for emergency alerts? Can starvation occur in any algorithm? Propose a solution
2.	Multithreading You're developing a multithreaded application for online proctoring that must record video, monitor mouse movement, and detect tab switching concurrently. Questions:

	- Identify tasks that can run as separate threads. - How would you manage shared resources like logs or video buffers? - Design a synchronization scheme to avoid race conditions during thread execution.
3.	Banker's Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance An automated research lab has robotic arms (resources) allocated to multiple experiment modules (processes). The system must avoid deadlocks when assigning robotic arms. Questions: - Given a snapshot of allocated and maximum resources, apply Banker's algorithm to determine if the system is in a safe state. - What should the system do if a new module requests more resources? - Modify the scenario to include resource preemption. How does this impact safety?
4.	Dining Philosopher Problem Your company is designing an automated restaurant system where robotic arms represent philosophers sharing limited cooking utensils (forks). Questions: - How will you model the utensil access to prevent deadlocks? - If one philosopher is replaced by a "VIP" who should never wait, how would you modify your synchronization logic? - Simulate one round of execution and analyze if any philosopher starves.
5.	Contiguous Memory Allocation A company is developing an embedded system for an industrial robot. The robot's operating system must load real-time control programs into memory using contiguous memory allocation for speed and predictability. Questions: - The control programs vary in size. How should the OS manage memory to minimize fragmentation? - Which allocation strategy (First Fit, Best Fit, Worst Fit) would be most efficient here and why? - After 10 load-unload cycles, analyze the state of memory. How can compaction help in this scenario?
6.	Page Replacement Algorithms An educational software company is optimizing a virtual memory system for an e-learning tablet. Students often multitask between notes, browser, and video lectures. Questions: - Simulate page accesses using FIFO, LRU, and Optimal algorithms. Compare page faults. - In real-time usage, which algorithm would you implement and why? - How will the choice of algorithm impact user experience when switching apps?
7.	File Allocation A cloud storage service stores small to medium files for academic institutions. Different strategies (contiguous, linked, indexed) impact retrieval time and

	fragmentation. Questions: - Given a set of file sizes and disk blocks, demonstrate how each method allocates space. - Which method performs best for random access vs. sequential access? - How will the system handle file growth in each case?
8.	Directory Structure Designing a multi-user OS for a campus intranet requires an efficient and secure directory structure. Questions: - Which directory structure (single-level, two-level, tree-structured) would best suit departmental file segregation? - How would you implement access permissions for faculty vs. students? - What are the limitations of a tree-structured directory if symbolic links are introduced?
9.	Disk Scheduling Algorithms A university server handles high-volume read/write requests for students accessing online lab submissions. Questions: - Using a queue of 10 disk I/O requests (randomly ordered), simulate FCFS, SSTF, and SCAN algorithms. - Which algorithm minimizes seek time and why? - What trade-offs would you consider for fairness vs. efficiency?
10	Build a simplified version of the ls command using only system calls (no standard library functions like opendir()).

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Interpret and explain the interactions among operating system components, including kernel functions, system calls, and user interfaces, within typical system operations.
CO2	Apply CPU Scheduling algorithms and process synchronization mechanisms to manage concurrent execution.
CO3	Analyse memory management techniques such as paging and segmentation to optimize memory utilization.
CO4	Evaluate file system structures and I/O management strategies to enhance overall system performance.
CO5	Simulate key operating system functionalities and system-level tasks using software tools and utilities.

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne,
“Operating System Concepts”, 8th Edition, Wiley-India, 2015.

Reference Books

1. P.C.P.Bhatt,
 “An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice”, 4th Edition, PHI (EEE), 2014.
2. William Stallings, “Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles”, 6th Edition,
 Pearson.
3. A.S. Tanenbaum, H. Bos, 2014, “Modern Operating Systems”, 4th Edition, Prentice-Hall
 of India, New Delhi.

Weblinks

1. <https://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~remzi/OSTEP/>
2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/operating-systems/>
3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/operating_system/index.htm
4. <https://www.scaler.com/topics/operating-system/>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yK1uBHPdp30>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&t=1s&v=dOiA2nNJpc0>

Self-Study Topics:

1. Virtual Machines

Study the concept of virtualization, including the architecture and functionality of virtual machines (VMs), and understand how VMs help in efficient resource utilization and system isolation.

2. Basic Linux Commands

Gain hands-on experience with essential Linux terminal commands used for file management, user permissions, process control, and system monitoring.

3. Multithreading Demonstration using Programming Languages

Implement and compare multithreading concepts using:

- i. Java – via Thread class and Runnable interface
- ii. Python – using the threading module

4. C Programming – using POSIX threads (pthreads)

Overview of Different Operating Systems

Compare architecture, scheduling, memory management, and file systems across these OS types: Linux, Windows, Unix, Android, MacOS, iOS, RTOS, Chrome OS, Solaris, Haiku OS, TinyOS

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE- IA Tests (A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical (C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical (A + B + C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE (D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall befor 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Alternate Assessment Methods

- Certifications (Skill-Based)** -industry-recognized certifications (e.g. CISCO, NPTEL, Infosys Springboard).
- Assignments / Problem Solving Sheets**
- Quiz**
- Mini Projects**
- Group Activities / Peer Evaluation**
- Presentations / Tech Talks**

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Data Structures and Applications		
Course Code:	BCS304	CIE MARKS	50
(L :T : P) + SL	(3:0:0) + (45 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	3	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Explain the fundamental concepts, classifications, and operations of data structures. 2. Implement arrays, pointers, and strings for efficient data representation and manipulation. 3. Apply linear data structures such as stacks, queues, and linked lists to solve problems. 4. Construct and traverse non-linear data structures including trees and graphs. 5. Utilize advanced data structures like hashing and balanced trees to design optimized solutions.			
Module-1			9 Hours
Introduction To Data Structures: Data Structures, Classifications (Primitive & Non-Primitive), Data structure Operations, Review of pointers and dynamic Memory Allocation Arrays and Structures: Arrays, Sorting using arrays: Insertion sort, Radix sort, Dynamic Allocated Arrays, Structures and Unions, Polynomials, Sparse Matrices, representation of Multidimensional Arrays, Strings Textbook 1: Chapter-2 (2.4-2.5) Textbook 2: Chapter-2 (2.1-2.3), Chapter-3 (3.1-3.13), Chapter-4 (4.1-4.4), Chapter-5 (5.1-5.8), Chapter-14(14.8-14.12)			
Module-2			9 Hours
Stacks: Stacks, Stacks Using Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation and conversion of Expressions, Recursion Queues: Queues, Circular Queues using Dynamic Arrays, Priority Queue, Multiple Stacks and queues. Textbook 1:Chapter-3 (3.1- 3.7)			
Module-3			9 Hours
Linked Lists: Singly Linked, Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Polynomials, Additional List Operations, Sparse Matrices, Doubly Linked List. Textbook 1:Chapter-4 (4.1- 4.5, 4.7-4.8)			
Module-4			9 Hours
Trees: Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Threaded Binary Trees., Binary Search trees, Selection Trees, Forests. Textbook 1:Chapter-5 (5.1-5.3, 5.5, 5.7-5.9)			
Module-5			9 Hours
Multiway Search Trees: B-Trees, B+-Trees			

Graphs: The Graph Abstract Data Types, Elementary Graph Operations.
Hashing: Introduction, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing
Textbook 1: Chapter-6 (6.1-6.2), Chapter -8 (8.1 - 8.3), Chapter -9 (9.1-9.2), Chapter -11(11.2,11.3)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Implement fundamental data structures and perform operations using arrays, pointers, and strings.
CO2	Apply stacks and queues to evaluate expressions and solve linear data structure problems.
CO3	Develop memory-efficient programs using singly and doubly linked lists.
CO4	Construct and traverse tree-based structures to model and analyse hierarchical relationships.
CO5	Design solutions using graphs, balanced trees, and hashing techniques to address real-world computational problems.

Textbooks

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson-Freed, “Fundamentals of Data Structures in C”, 2nd Edition, Universities Press, 2014
2. Reema Thareja, “Data Structures using C”, 3rd Edition, Oxford press, 2012

Reference Books

1. Seymour Lipschutz, “Data Structures Schaum's Outlines”, Revised 1st Edition, McGraw Hill, 2014
2. Gilberg & Forouzan, “Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C”, 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning, 2014
3. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, “An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications”, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013
4. A M Tenenbaum, “Data Structures using C”, PHI, 1989

Web links and Video Lectures (e-resources):

1. https://youtu.be/S47aSEqm_0I?si=34alu47wCWGdsxwN
2. <https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html>
3. <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html>
4. <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html>
5. <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html>
6. <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html>
7. <https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html>
8. https://onlinecourses-archive.nptel.ac.in/noc18_cs25/preview

Self-Study Topics:

Recursion, AVL Trees, Red Black Trees.

Activity Based Learning: The following is shown as examples only but not limited to:

1. LeetCode - The World's Leading Online Programming Learning Platform
2. HackerRank - Online Coding Tests and Technical Interviews

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE are 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE, with minimum 40 % scored in every component of CIE.			

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)

Component	Weightage	Evaluation Method
HackerRank / LeetCode Problems	10 Marks	- Solve 2–3 DS problems per module. - Submit screenshots + short explanation. - Marks based on test cases passed + clarity.
MOOC Certification	10 Marks	- Complete an approved MOOC (NPTEL / Coursera / edX). - Submit certificate + short reflective report. - Marks based on completion
Total	20 Marks	Alternate Assessment (CIE)

B.E. (Computer Science and Engineering) OutcomeBasedEducation (OBE)andChoiceBasedCreditSystem(CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	DataStructuresLaboratory		
Course Code:	BCSL305	CIE MARKS	50
L : T : P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	1	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Understand and implement dynamic memory management techniques in C. 2. Apply linear data structures (stacks, queues, linked lists) to solve computational problems. 3. Analyse and utilize non-linear data structures such as trees and graphs for applications. 4. Design practical solutions to real-world problems using suitable data structures.			
Program 1 – Weekly Planner			
A student needs a simple Weekly Planner System to keep track of their weekly schedule. For each day, the planner should store: name of the day (e.g., Monday, Tuesday...), date of the day (numeric format) and the activity planned for that day (e.g., class, event, meeting). Develop a C program to implement this weekly planner using the following functions. a. create() to initialize the weekly planner. b. read() to input the details (day name, date, activity) from the user. c. display() to generate and print the Weekly Activity Report on screen.			
Program 2 –Pattern Matching			
A publishing company is developing a simple tool to edit documents by replacing certain words or phrases. Design a C program that performs find-and-replace operations on text without using built-in string functions. a. Read a main string (STR), a pattern string (PAT), and a replacement string (REP) from the user. b. Search the main string for all occurrences of PAT. c. Replace every occurrence of PAT in STR with REP. d. If PAT does not exist in STR, display an appropriate message.			
Program 3- Parcel Storage System			
A courier office needs a simple Parcel Storage System to manage parcels efficiently. Each parcel is assigned an integer ID for identification. Design a C program that supports the following operations: a. push() – Add a parcel ID onto the stack when a new parcel arrives. b. pop() – Remove the last parcel ID from the stack when a parcel is taken out. c. display() – Show all parcel IDs currently stored in the stack. d. Display suitable messages when the stack is full (overflow) or empty (underflow).			

Program 4 - Calculator Application

In modern calculators, mathematical expressions are usually entered in infix notation, where operators are written between operands (e.g., $3 + 4 * 2$). However, calculators and computer systems evaluate these expressions more efficiently in postfix notation, where operators follow operands (e.g., $3\ 4\ 2\ *\ +$).

To simulate this process, develop a C program that converts any valid infix expression into its equivalent postfix expression. The program should support alphanumeric operands and the following operators: $-, +, *, /, \%, ^$.

Program 5 - Call Center Help Desk

A call center assigns a ticket number to every incoming call. Since only a limited number of calls can be handled at a time, the calls are placed in a queue. When a representative becomes free, the next call in the queue is served.

Design and implement a C program to simulate this system using a circular queue. The program should support the following operations:

- Add a new call to the queue (enqueue)
- Serve the next call (dequeue)
- Display all waiting calls

The program must also handle queue overflow and underflow conditions properly.

Program 6 - Student Information Management System

A university wants to maintain a dynamic record of its students for academic and administrative purposes. Each student record contains the following details: **USN, Name, Programme, Semester, and Phone Number**. Since the number of students may vary frequently due to admissions and withdrawals, a **singly linked list (SLL)** is chosen for efficient memory usage and flexible data management.

To simulate this system, develop a **menu-driven C program** that performs the following operations on the student database:

- Create** a Singly Linked List of N student records using **front insertion**.
- Display** all student records and **count** the number of nodes in the list.
- Insert** or **delete** a student record at the **end** of the list.
- Insert** or **delete** a student record at the **front** of the list (demonstrating **stack operations**).

Program 7 - Employee Record Management System

A company maintains details of its employees for administrative and payroll purposes. Each employee record contains the following fields: SSN, Name, Department, Designation, Salary, and Phone Number. Since employees may frequently join, leave, or change positions, a Doubly Linked List (DLL) provides a flexible way to manage these records efficiently in both directions.

To simulate this process, design and implement a menu-driven C program that performs the following operations on the employee database:

- Create a Doubly Linked List of N employee records using end insertion.
- Display all employee records and count the total number of nodes.
- Insert or delete an employee record at the end of the list.
- Insert or delete an employee record at the front of the list.
- Demonstrate how the DLL can be used as a Double Ended Queue (Deque).

Program 8 – Library Book Management System

Design and implement a menu-driven C program to manage a Library Book Database using a Binary Search Tree (BST). Each record should store the following details: ISBN Number and Book Title.

The program should support the following operations:

- Insert a new book into the BST
- Traverse the BST using Inorder, Preorder, and Postorder
- Search for a book by its ISBN number and print the title.

Program 9 - City Connectivity using Graph Traversal

In a city transportation system, each city can be represented as a node and the direct roads between them as edges of a graph. To analyse connectivity, it is important to know which cities can be reached from a given starting city.

Develop a C program to:

- Represent N cities using an Adjacency Matrix
- Display all cities reachable from a specified city using DFS or BFS traversal

Program 10 - Collision Handling in Vehicle Registration System

In a vehicle registration system, each vehicle is assigned a unique 4-digit registration number. To support quick storage and retrieval, these records are organized in a hash table with m storage locations.

Develop a C program to:

- Store vehicle registration numbers in the hash table using linear probing and quadratic probing for collision handling.
- Display the final state of the hash table after all insertions.

Mini Project

- Students must form teams of 2 to 3 members.
- Each team must identify and finalize a real-world problem that can be solved using appropriate data structures.
- Teams must analyze the problem and design the solution using suitable data structures such as arrays, stacks, queues, linked lists, trees, or graphs.
- The project must be implemented entirely in C language.
- Modular programming practices, file handling, and inclusion of at least one innovative or optimized component are mandatory.
- The complete project including source code, README file with instructions, and sample output screenshots must be uploaded to a public GitHub repository.
- A mini project report (softbound) must be prepared and submitted as per department guidelines.

h. Teams will present their project and undergo a viva voce as part of the final evaluation

- Smart India Hackathon : [Smart India Hackathon \(sih.gov.in\)](http://sih.gov.in)
- ISRO Hackathon: [Launching of Bharatiya Antariksh Hackathon-2025 \(isro.gov.in\)](http://isro.gov.in)
- DRDO Hackathon: [Dare to Dream 5.0 Innovation Contest | Defence Research and Development Organisation - DRDO, Ministry of Defence, Government of India](http://drdo.gov.in)

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Implement and demonstrate operations on fundamental data structures
CO2	Develop programs to solve problems using linear and non-linear data structures.
CO3	Apply dynamic allocation and optimizing resource usage.
CO4	Design and implement practical solutions for real-world problems using appropriate data structures.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	20	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 20 marks.
CIE Practical Test + Mini Project (B)	20+10	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20 + Mini Project (10 Marks)
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING JAVA		
Course Code:	BCS306A	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	(2:0:2) + (30 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	3	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. Identify and recall core OOP concepts and Java language features.			
2. Configure the Java development environment and execute simple Java programs.			
3. Develop multi-threaded Java applications using synchronization methods.			
4. Design interactive Java applications using event-driven programming principles			
Module-1		6 Hours	
Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, This Keyword, Garbage Collection.			
Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Objects as Parameters, Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Access Control, understanding static, introducing final, introducing Nested and Inner Classes.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-6, Chapter-7			
Module-2		6 Hours	
Inheritance: Inheritance Basics, using super, creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Executed, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, Local Variable, Type Inference and Inheritance, The Object Class.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-8			
Module-3		6 Hours	
Exceptions: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-10			
Module-4		6 Hours	
Multithreaded Programming: The Java Thread Model, The Main Thread, creating a Thread, Creating Multiple Threads, Using isAlive() and join(), Thread Priorities, Synchronization, Interthread Communication, Suspending, Resuming, and Stopping Threads.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-11			
Module-5		6 Hours	
String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, modifying a String, Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Joining Strings. Textbook 1: Chapter-18			

PRACTICAL COMPONENT

Sl. No.	Experiments
1	Develop a JAVA program to add TWO matrices of suitable order N (The value of N should be read from command line arguments).
2	Develop a stack class to hold a maximum of 10 integers with suitable methods. Develop a JAVA main method to illustrate Stack operations.
3	A class called Employee, which models an employee with an ID, name and salary, is designed as shown in the following class diagram. The method raiseSalary (percent) increases the salary by the given percentage. Develop the Employee class and suitable main method for demonstration
4	Develop a JAVA program to create a class named shape. Create three sub classes namely: circle, triangle and square, each class has two member functions named draw () and erase (). Demonstrate polymorphism concepts by developing suitable methods, defining member data and main program.
5	Develop a JAVA program to create an abstract class Shape with abstract methods calculateArea() and calculatePerimeter(). Create subclasses Circle and Triangle that extend the Shape class and implement the respective methods to calculate the area and perimeter of each shape.
6	Develop a JAVA program to create an interface Resizable with methods resizeWidth(int width) and resizeHeight(int height) that allow an object to be resized. Create a class Rectangle that implements the Resizable interface and implements the resize methods
7	Develop a JAVA program to create an outer class with a function display. Create another class inside the outer class named inner with a function called display and call the two functions in the main class.
8	Develop a JAVA program to raise a custom exception (user defined exception) for DivisionByZero using try, catch, throw and finally.
9	Write a program to illustrate creation of threads using runnable class. (start method start each of the newly created thread. Inside the run method there is sleep() for suspend the thread for 500 milliseconds).
10	Implement a JAVA program to illustrate the use of different types of character extraction, string comparison, string search and string modification methods.
11	Develop a Java application that checks whether a given string is a palindrome, designed using the SOLID principles of object-oriented programming.
12	Develop a Java application that compresses characters in a given string by counting consecutive repeated characters, designed according to the SOLID principles of object-oriented programming. Input: AAABBBCCCC Output: A3B3C4

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Interpret Java classes with appropriate data members and methods to address specified scenarios.
CO2	Apply the concept of inheritance to model and solve real-world programming problems.
CO3	Demonstrate the effective use of multi-threading and exception handling to manage concurrency and runtime issues in Java programs.
CO4	Demonstrate the use of string handling methods to manipulate and process textual data in Java.
CO5	Develop Java programs integrating object-oriented concepts to address computational problems effectively.

ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION REGULATIONS OF ESC

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE-IA Tests(A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical(C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical(A+B+C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE(D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the ESC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference", 12th Edition, McGraw-Hill.

Reference Books

1. E Balagurusamy, "Programming with Java", 6th Edition, McGraw Hill.
2. Bruce Eckel, "Thinking in Java", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall.

Web links and Videos:

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5gWpVJc0UG4>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-HafzawNIUo>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K3g4srbkUNM>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iUzvdDuAeSQ>

Self-Study Topics:

SOLID Principles-GFG

Activity Based Learning:

1. Leet code
2. Practical or programming assignment
3. Seminar/Project

ESTD : 2001
An Institute with a Difference

B.E. (Common to CSE Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER –III			
Course Title	Introduction to Data Science		
Course Code	BCS306B	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	(2:0:2) + (30 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits	03	EXAM HOURS	03
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner's ability to: 1. Understand the fundamentals of Data Science, its process, tools, and apply Python basics with pandas and NumPy for dataset manipulation. 2. Apply statistical and probability concepts, including sampling, distributions, Bayes' theorem, and perform Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) using Python. 3. Analyze the Data Analytics Life Cycle and apply time series techniques in Python for data-driven insights. 4. Create and evaluate effective data visualizations using various plots and libraries to explore and communicate data insights. 5. Utilize advanced features of Matplotlib to design, customize, and present professional quality data visualizations.			
MODULE – 1			6 Hours
Introduction to Data Science: Importance of Data Science, Need for Data Science, What Is Data Science, Data Science Process, Business Intelligence and Data Science, Prerequisites for a Data Scientist, Components of Data Science, Tools and Skills Needed Data Science Tool Python-1: Basics of Python for Data Science, Python Identifiers, Variables, Data types, Data structures, Python Libraries: Data Frame Manipulation with pandas and NumPy, pandas, Load and examine the dataset, DataFrame Indexing, Data frame operations, NumPy, Creation of the NumPy arrays. Textbook 1: Chapter 1, Chapter 7.1, 7.2			
MODULE – 2			6 Hours
Statistics and Probability: Data Types, Variable Types, Statistics, Sampling Techniques and Probability, Information Gain and Entropy, Probability Theory, Probability Types, Probability Distribution Functions, Bayes' Theorem, Inferential Statistics Data Science Tool Python-2: Exploration Data Analysis with python: Objectives of EDA Textbook 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 7.3			
MODULE – 3			6 Hours
Data Science Methodology: Analytics for Data Science, Examples of Data Analytics, Data Analytics Life Cycle: Data Discovery, Data Preparation, Model Planning, Model Building, Communicate Results, operationalization Data Science Tool Python-2: Time Series Data Textbook 1: Chapter 4, Chapter 7.4			
MODULE – 4			6 Hours
Data Visualization and Data Exploration Introduction: Data Visualization, Importance of Data Visualization, Data Wrangling, Tools and Libraries for Visualization			

Comparison Plots: Line Chart, Bar Chart and Radar Chart; **Relation Plots:** Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot, Correlogram and Heatmap; **Composition Plots:** Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Venn Diagram; **Distribution Plots:** Histogram, Density Plot, Box Plot, Violin Plot; **Geo Plots:** Dot Map, Choropleth Map, Connection Map; What Makes a Good Visualization?

Textbook 2: Chapter 1, Chapter 2

MODULE – 5

6 Hours

A Deep Dive into Matplotlib

Introduction, Overview of Plots in Matplotlib, **Pyplot Basics:** Creating Figures, Closing Figures, Format Strings, Plotting, Plotting Using pandas DataFrames, Displaying Figures, Saving Figures; **Basic Text and Legend Functions:** Labels, Titles, Text, Annotations, Legends; **Basic Plots:** Bar Chart, Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Histogram, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot; **Layouts:** Subplots, Tight Layout, Radar Charts, GridSpec; **Images:** Basic Image Operations, Writing Mathematical Expressions

Textbook 2: Chapter 3

PRACTICAL COMPONENT

Sl. No.	Experiments
1	a. Write a Python program to import a structured dataset representing organizational sales performance over multiple time periods. Ensure the dataset is loaded correctly and display its basic information. b. Write a Python program to create a DataFrame from the imported dataset and perform data exploration. Compute summary statistics, examine the dataset's structure, and identify key characteristics to understand the sales data.
2	a. Write a Python program to compute Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for organizational sales data, including: Monthly average sales, Identification of peakperforming and underperforming months b. Write a Python program to calculate the percentage growth rate in sales across consecutive months using the same sales dataset, and interpret the results to understand sales trends and support data-driven decision-making.
3	a. Choose a dataset from Kaggle (e.g., Titanic, Customer Churn, or House Prices). Load the dataset in Python, inspect its structure, understand the features, and perform preliminary exploration to identify data types, missing values, and basic statistics. b. Using a selected Kaggle dataset, write a Python program to determine the total number of records (rows) and features (columns), and identify the data type of each feature, classifying it as numerical or categorical.
4	a. Write a Python program to load a sample dataset (e.g., CSV or Excel file) and display the data types of all columns. Analyze the output to determine which columns are numerical, categorical, or object type, which will help in selecting appropriate data processing and analysis techniques.

	b. Write a Python program to load a dataset, detect any missing values in each column, and calculate summary statistics (mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, maximum) for numerical features. Analyze the results to understand data quality and distribution before further processing.
5	a. Write a Python program to compute the mean and median of a given set of students' marks. Analyze the results and comment on any differences observed between the mean and median values, highlighting possible skewness in the dataset. b. Write a Python program to determine the skewness of a dataset containing students' marks. Use the calculated skewness to explain whether the data is positively skewed, negatively skewed, or symmetric, and discuss the implications for data interpretation.
6	a. Write a Python program to create a line chart that represents sales data over time. Use a sample dataset and plot the sales trend to analyze variations across the given time period. b. Write a Python program to create a bar chart that displays sales values for multiple products. Use a sample dataset and visualize the comparison to identify products with higher or lower sales.
7	a. Write a Python program to create a scatter plot that visualizes the relationship between two continuous variables (e.g., height vs. weight). Use a sample dataset to observe patterns, correlations, or trends between the variables. b. Write a Python program to create a pie chart that displays the proportion of different categories of household expenses (e.g., rent, groceries, utilities, transportation). Use a sample dataset to visualize how expenses are distributed across categories.
8	a. Write a Python program to create a histogram that represents the distribution of marks obtained by students in an examination. Use a sample dataset to identify patterns such as range, skewness, and concentration of marks. b. Write a Python program to create a density plot (KDE) that represents the distribution of salaries in a dataset. Use a sample dataset to observe the shape of the distribution and identify salary concentration regions.
9	a. Write a Python program to create a bar chart that represents sales values of multiple products. Use a sample dataset to analyze which products have higher or lower sales. b. Write a Python program to create a pie chart that displays the market share percentages of companies in a given sector. Use a sample dataset to compare the relative share of each company.
10	a. Write a Python program to create a stacked bar chart that visualizes monthly expenses divided into categories such as rent, groceries, utilities, and transportation. Use a sample dataset to analyze how each category contributes to the total expenses per month. b. Write a Python program to create a stacked area chart that displays yearly rainfall data categorized by regions. Use a sample dataset to analyze how the rainfall

	contribution of each region adds up to the total rainfall over time.
11	a. Write a Python program to create a histogram that displays how students' marks are distributed in an examination. Use a sample dataset to identify patterns such as frequency of score ranges, skewness, and clustering of marks. b. Write a Python program to create a scatter plot that represents the relationship between two continuous variables, such as age and income. Use a sample dataset to analyze patterns, correlations, or trends between the variables.
12	a. Write a Python program to read an image file and display it using Matplotlib's imshow() function. Use a sample image to demonstrate how images can be handled and rendered in Python. b. Write a Python program to load an image and apply basic image transformations. Implement operations including horizontal/vertical flip, rotation, resizing to different dimensions, and conversion to grayscale. Use suitable Python libraries to demonstrate these operations.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply fundamental concepts of Data Science and implement Python-based data manipulation using pandas and NumPy.
CO2	Analyze data using statistical and probability techniques, and perform Exploratory Data Analysis in Python.
CO3	Evaluate the stages of the Data Analytics Life Cycle and apply time series methods for extracting insights.
CO4	Create effective visualizations using various plotting techniques and tools to communicate meaningful data insights.
CO5	Design and customize advanced visualizations with Matplotlib for professional data representation and interpretation.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE-IA Tests(A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.

CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical(C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical(A+B+C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE(D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the ESC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks:

- Sanjeev J. Wagh, Manisha S. Bhende, and Anuradha D. Thakare, "Fundamentals of Data Science", 1st Edition, 2021, CRC press.
- Data Visualization workshop, Tim Grobmann and Mario Dobler, Packt Publishing, ISBN 9781800568112

Reference Books:

- An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
- Cathy O Neil, Rachel Schutt, "Doing Data Science-Straight Talk from the Frontline", 2013, O'Reilly Media
- Peter Bruce, Andrew Bruce, "Practical Statistics for Data Scientists", 2017, O'Reilly

Weblinks:

- <https://www.udemy.com/course/data-science-for-the-beginner/?couponCode=PMNVD2025>
- <https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/doing-data-science/9781449363871/toc01.html>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/>
- nptel.ac.in/courses/106106212

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Data Analytics with R		
Course Code:	BCD306C	CIE MARKS	50
(L :T : P) + SL	(2:0:2) + (30 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	3	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Gain the knowledge of R Programming Concepts 2. Explain the concepts of Data Visualization 3. Explain the concept of Statistics in R. 4. Work with R charts and Graphs			
Module-1		6 Hours	
Introduction to R programming: Introducing R, Initiating R, Packages in R, Environments and Functions, Flow Controls, Loops, Basic Data Types in R, Vectors. Textbook 1 : Chapter-1(1.1-1.7),Chapter -2(2.1-2.2)			
Module-2		6 Hours	
Data Structures in R : Matrices and Arrays, Lists, Data Frames, Factors, Strings, Dates and Times,Time Zones, Calculations with Dates and Times. Data Preparation: Datasets, Importing and Exporting files, Accessing Databases, Data Cleaning and Transformation. Textbook 1: Chapter-2(2.3-2.8),(2.8.1-2.8.4),Chapter-3(3.1-3.4)			
Module-3		6 Hours	
Charts, Plots, and Visual Tools for Understanding Data Patterns: Graphics using R , Exploratory Data Analysis, Main Graphical Packages, Pie Charts, Scatter Plots, Line Plots, Histograms, Box Plots, Bar Plots, Other Graphical packages. Textbook 1: Chapter-4(4.1-4.9)			
Module-4		6 Hours	
Statistical Analysis Using R: Statistical Measures, Normal distribution, Binomial distribution, Correlation Analysis, Regression Analysis-Linear Regression Analysis of Variance. Textbook 1: Chapter-5(5.1, 5.3, 5.4-5.6.1, 5.7)			
Module-5		6 Hours	
Data Mining and Pattern Discovery Using R: Packages for Data Mining, Clustering using R,K means Clustering, Classification-Packages and functions for classification, Decision Tree, Outlier detection Using R. Textbook 1: Chapter-6(6.1,6.2.2,6.3,6.3.2,6.5,6.5.2-6.5.4)			

PRACTICAL COMPONENT

Program 1. Introduction to R Programming: Data Types, Operations, and Basic Data Structures

Demonstrate the steps for installation of R and R Studio. Perform the following:

- Assign different type of values to variables and display the type of variable. Assign different types such as Double, Integer, Logical, Complex and Character and understand the difference between each data type.
- Demonstrate Arithmetic and Logical Operations with simple examples.
- Demonstrate generation of sequences and creation of vectors.
- Demonstrate Creation of Matrices
- Demonstrate the Creation of Matrices from Vectors using Binding Function.
- Demonstrate element extraction from vectors, matrices and arrays.

Program 2. Financial Performance Analysis in R using Vectors: Monthly Profit Evaluation and Reporting

Assess the Financial Statement of an Organization being supplied with 2 vectors of data: Monthly Revenue and Monthly Expenses for the Financial Year. You can create your own sample data vector for this experiment) Calculate the following financial metrics:

- Profit for each month.
- Profit after tax for each month (Tax Rate is 30%).
- Profit margin for each month equals to profit after tax divided by revenue.
- Good Months – where the profit after tax was greater than the mean for the year.
- Bad Months – where the profit after tax was less than the mean for the year.
- The best month – where the profit after tax was max for the year.
- The worst month – where the profit after tax was min for the year.

Note: a. All Results need to be presented as vectors, b. Results for Dollar values need to be calculated with \$0.01 precision, but need to be presented in Units of \$1000 (i.e 1k) with no decimal points, c. Results for the profit margin ratio need to be presented in units of % with no decimal point, d. It is okay for tax to be negative for any given month (deferred tax asset), e. Generate CSV file for the data.

Program 3. Matrix Operations in R: Implementation of Basic Arithmetic and Transpose on 3x3 Matrices

Develop a program to create two 3 X 3 matrices A and B and perform the following operations

- Transpose of the matrix
- addition
- subtraction
- multiplication
- Division

Program 4. Prime Number Generation in R Using Sieve of Eratosthenes with Functions

Develop an R Program using functions to find all the prime numbers up to a specified number by the method of Sieve of Eratosthenes.

Program 5. Leap Year Checker in R Using Conditional Statements

Implement R script to check the given year is leap year or not.

Program 6. String Manipulation in R: Exploring Text Processing Functions

Implement different String Manipulation functions in R.

Program 7. Correlation Analysis and Visualization Using the 'mammals' Dataset in R

The built-in data set mammals contain data on body weight versus brain weight.

Develop R commands to:

- Find the Pearson and Spearman correlation coefficients. Are they similar?
- Plot the data using the plot command.
- Plot the logarithm (log) of each variable and see if that makes a difference.

Program 8. Data Frame Creation, Sub-setting, and Merging in R for Inventory Analysis

Develop R program to create a Data Frame with following details and do the following operations.

- Subset the Data frame and display the details of only those items whose price is greater than or equal to 350.
- Subset the Data frame and display only the items where the category is either “Office Supplies” or “Desktop Supplies”
- Create another Data Frame called “item-details” with three different fields itemCode, ItemQtyonHand and ItemReorderLvl and merge the two frames

itemCode	itemCategory	itemPrice
1001	Electronics	700
1002	Desktop Supplies	300
1003	Office Supplies	350
1004	USB	400
1005	CD Drive	800

Program 9. Customized Histogram Visualization in R Using the 'airquality' Dataset

Let us use the built-in dataset air quality which has Daily air quality measurements in New York, May to September 1973. Develop R program to generate histogram by using appropriate arguments for the following statements.

- Assigning names, using the air quality data set.
- Change colors of the Histogram
- Remove Axis and Add labels to Histogram
- Change Axis limits of a Histogram
- Add Density curve to the histogram

Program 10. Employee Data Analysis in R: Importing, Filtering, and Exporting CSV Files

Design a data frame in R for storing about 20 employee details. Create a CSV file named “input.csv” that defines all the required information about the employee such as id, name, salary, start_date, dept. Import into R and do the following analysis.

- Find the total number rows & columns
- Find the maximum salary
- Retrieve the details of the employee with maximum salary
- Retrieve all the employees working in the IT Department.
- Retrieve the employees in the IT Department whose salary is greater than 20000 and write these details into another file “output.csv”.

Program 11. Descriptive Statistics and Correlation Analysis of the 'mtcars' Dataset in R

Using the built in dataset mtcars which is a popular dataset consisting of the design and fuel consumption patterns of 32 different automobiles. The data was extracted from the 1974 Motor Trend US magazine, and comprises fuel consumption and 10 aspects of automobile design and performance for 32 automobiles (1973-74 models). Format A data frame with 32 observations on 11 variables : [1] mpg Miles/(US) gallon, [2] cyl Number of cylinders [3] disp Displacement (cu.in.), [4] hp Gross horsepower [5] drat Rear axle ratio,[6] wt Weight (lb/1000) [7] qsec 1/4 mile time, [8] vs V/S, [9] am Transmission (0 = automatic, 1 = manual), [10] gear Number of forward gears, [11] carb Number of carburetors Develop R program, to solve the following:

- What is the total number of observations and variables in the dataset?
- Find the car with the largest hp and the least hp using suitable functions
- Plot histogram / density for each variable and determine whether continuous variables are normally distributed or not. If not, what is their skewness?
- What is the average difference of gross horse power(hp) between automobiles with 3 and 4 number of cylinders(cyl)? Also determine the difference in their standard deviations.
- Which pair of variables has the highest Pearson correlation?

Program 12. Simple Linear Regression in R: Modeling Salary Progression with Experience

Demonstrate the progression of salary with years of experience using a suitable data set (You can create your own dataset). Plot the graph visualizing the best fit line on the plot of the given data points. Plot a curve of Actual Values vs. Predicted values to show their correlation and performance of the model. Interpret the meaning of the slope and y-intercept of the line with respect to the given data. Implement using lm function. Save the graphs and coefficients in files. Attach the predicted values of salaries as a new column to the original data set and save the data as a new CSV file.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the Structures of R Programming.
CO2	Illustrate the Basics of Data Preparation Using Real-World Examples.

CO3	Apply Graphical Packages in R for Data Visualization.
CO4	Apply Various Statistical Analysis Methods for Data Analytics.
CO5	Integrate R with Machine Learning Libraries for Predictive Analytics.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE-IA Tests(A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical(C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical(A+B+C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE(D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the ESC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks

1. G. Sudhamathy and C. Jothi Venkateswaran, "R Programming: An Approach to Data Analytics", MJP Publishers, 2019

Reference Books

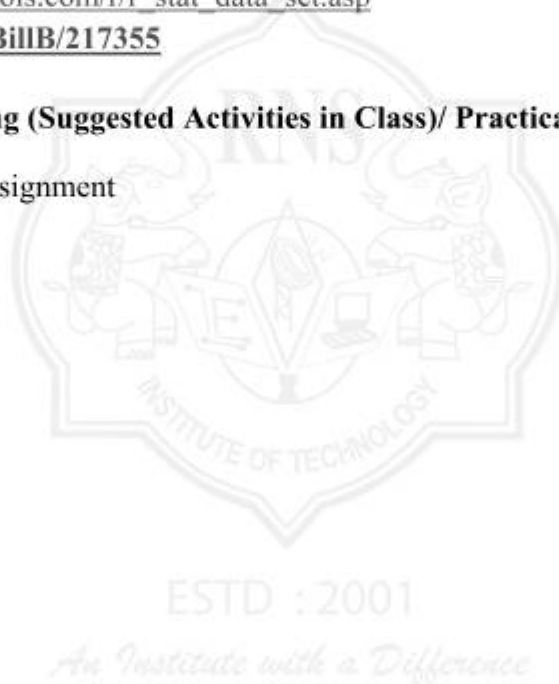
1. Cotton, R, “Learning R: A Step-by-Step Function Guide to Data Analysis”. 1st Edition, O’Reilly Media Inc, 2013
2. W. N. Venables, D.M. Smith and the R Development Core Team, “An Introduction to R, Notes on R: A Programming Environment for Data Analysis and Graphics”, Ver 3.0.1 (2013-05-16)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. URL: <https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-intro.pdf>
2. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/r/r_tutorial.pdf 3.
3. https://users.phhp.ufl.edu/rlp176/Courses/PHC6089/R_notes/intro.html
4. https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/explore/vignettes/explore_mtcars.html 5.
5. https://www.w3schools.com/r/r_stat_data_set.asp
6. <https://rpubs.com/BillB/217355>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Project based Assignment



B.E. (Computer Science and Engineering (AI&ML)) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title	Fundamentals of Full Stack Development using MERN		
Course Code	BCI306D	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	(2:0:2) + (30 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits	03	EXAM HOURS	03
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. Understand the fundamentals of web technologies and the structure of web applications using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript. 2. Familiarize with the MERN stack architecture and its components including MongoDB, Express.js, React, and Node.js. 3. Develop backend services using Node.js and Express.js, and integrate MongoDB for database operations. 4. Build dynamic and responsive user interfaces using react, managing state and navigation. 5. Design and develop full-stack web applications with advanced features like authentication, payments, and multimedia integration.			
Module-1			6 Hours
Introduction to Web Development: Overview of Web Technologies, Frontend Technologies: HTML, CSS, And JavaScript Basics: Introduction, Basics, Variables, String Manipulation, Mathematical Functions, Statements, Operators, Arrays, Functions.			
Textbook-1: Chapter 1:Introduction to Web Programming (Pages 45–93), Chapter 2: Introduction to HTML (Pages 96–133), Chapter 4: Introduction to CSS (Pages 139–191)			
Module-2			6 Hours
Introduction to JavaScript Basics: Introduction, Basics, Variables, String Manipulation, Mathematical Functions, Statements, Operators, Arrays, Functions.			
Textbook-2: Chapter 6: JavaScript Basics (Pages 274–326)			
Module-3			6 Hours
Introduction to MERN Stack Development: Overview of the MERN stack (MongoDB, Express.js, React, Node.js), Setting up the development environment, Creating a basic MERN application skeleton.			
Backend Development with Node.js, Express.js, and MongoDB: Building a backend with Node.js and Express, Implementing RESTful APIs, Integrating MongoDB for data storage, User authentication and authorization using JWT.			
Textbook-2: Chapter 1, Chapter 3			
Module-4			6 Hours

Frontend Development with React: Building a React frontend, Managing state with React hooks, Implementing React Router for navigation, Connecting the frontend to the backend APIs.

Textbook-2:Chapter 4

Module-5

6 Hours

Advanced Features and Applications: Developing a social media application, Building an online marketplace with shopping cart and Stripe payments, Creating a media streaming application using MongoDB GridFS.

Textbook-2:Chapter 5, 6 & 8

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Design and develop responsive web pages using HTML5, CSS3, and basic JavaScript functionality. <i>(Bloom's Level: L3 – Apply)</i>
CO2	Explain the structure and advantages of the MERN stack and set up the development environment. <i>(Bloom's Level: L2 – Understand)</i>
CO3	Create RESTful APIs using Node.js, Express.js, and perform CRUD operations on MongoDB with secure authentication.
CO4	Build a fully functional frontend using React with routing and state management features.

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF ESC

Sl.No	Experiments
1	Using MongoDB, create a collection called transactions in database usermanaged (drop if it already exists) and bulk load the data from a json file, transactions.json b. Upsert the record from the new file called transactions_upsert.json in Mongoddb.
2	Query MongoDB with Conditions: [Create appropriate collection with necessary documents to answer the query] a. Find any record where Name is Somu b. Find any record where total payment amount (Payment.Total) is 600. c. Find any record where price (Transaction.price) is between 300 to 500. d. Calculate the total transaction amount by adding up Payment.Total in all records.
3	a. Write a program to check request header for cookies. b. write node.js program to print the a car object properties, delete the second property and get length of the object.

4	a. Read the data of a student containing usn, name, sem, year_of_admission from node js and store it in the mongodb b. For a partial name given in node js, search all the names from mongodb student documents created in Question(a)
5	Implement all CRUD operations on a File System using Node JS
6	Develop the application that sends fruit name and price data from client side to Node.js server using Ajax
7	Develop an authentication mechanism with email_id and password using HTML and Express JS (POST method)
8	Develop two routes: find_prime_100 and find_cube_100 which prints prime numbers less than 100 and cubes less than 100 using Express JS routing mechanism
9	Develop a React code to build a simple search filter functionality to display a filtered list based on the search query entered by the user.
10	Develop a React code to collect data from rest API.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE- IA Tests (A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical (C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.

CIE: Theory + Practical (A + B + C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE (D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks

1. Randy Connolly and Richardo Hoar, **“Fundamentals of Web Development”**, Pearson, 1st Edition, 2014.
2. Shama Hoque, **“Full-Stack React projects”**, Packt, 2018.

Reference Books

1. Vasan Subramanian Pro MERN Stack: Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node, Apress; 1st ed. edition (1 April 2017)

B.E. (Common to All Branches) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Social Connect and Responsibility		
Course Code:	BSCK307	CIE MARKS	100
L :T : P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	-
Credits:	1	EXAM HOURS	-
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Provide a formal platform for students to communicate and connect to the surrounding. 2. Create a responsible connection with the society. 3. Understand the community in general in which they work. 4. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem-solving. 5. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems. 6. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.			
General Instructions - Pedagogy: These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills. 2. State the need for activities and its present relevance in the society and provide real-life examples. 3. Support and guide the students for self-planned activities. 4. You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field. 5. Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.			
Module-1			3 Hours
Plantation and adoption of a tree: Plantation of a tree that will be adopted for four years by a group of Best students. (ONE STUDENT-ONE TREE). Students can prepare either a Report or a Poster describing the plant's origin, its usage in daily life, its appearance in folklore and literature.			

Module-2	3 Hours
Heritage walk and crafts corner Heritage walk- Heritage tour, knowing the history and culture of the city, connecting to people around through their history. crafts corner- Knowing the city and its craftsman, photo blog and documentary on evolution and practice of various craft forms.	
Module-3	3 Hours
Organic farming and waste management Organic Farming: History of organic farming, objective of organic farming, types of organic farming, Usefulness of organic farming. Waste Management: Study of wet waste management in college, Hostel and neighboring villages, and implementation in the campus.	
Module-4	3 Hours
Water conservation Knowing the present practices in the surrounding villages and implementation in the campus, documentary or photo blog presenting the current practices.	
Module-5	3 Hours
Food walk City's culinary practices, food lore, and indigenous materials of the region used in cooking.	

Course outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Communicate and connect to the surrounding.

CO2: Create a responsible connection with the society.

CO3: Involve in the community in general in which they work.

CO4: Notice the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem-solving.

CO5: Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.

CO6: Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

Assessment Details for CIE (both CIE and SEE)

Weightage	CIE – 100%	- Implementation strategies of the project. - The last report should be signed by SCR Coordinator, the HOD and Principal. - At least reports should be evaluated by the SCR Coordinator.
Field Visit, Plan, Discussion	10 Marks	
Commencement of activities and its progress	20 Marks	
Case study-based Assessment Individual performance with report	20 Marks	
Sector wise study & its consolidation *5=25	25 Marks	

Videobasedseminarfor10minutesbye ach student at the end of semester with Report. Activities1to5,5*5=25	25 Marks	• Finally,theconsolidated markssheetshould besenttothe CoE/ universityandtobemade available at LIC visit.
Totalmarksforthecourseineach semester	100 Marks	
Foreachactivity,20marksCIEwillbeevaluatedfor1Amarksattheendofsemester,Reportand assessmentcopyshouldbemadeavailableinthedepartment.		
Studentsshouldpresenttheprogressoftheactivitiesasperthescheduleintheprescribedpracticalse ssioninthefield. Thereshouldbepositiveprogressintheverticalorderforthebenefitofsocietyingeneralthroughacti vities.		

Guideline for Assessment Process:

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)

After completion of the course, the student shall prepare, with daily diary as reference, a comprehensive report in consultation with the mentor/s to indicate what he has observed and learned in the social connect period. The report should be signed by the mentor. The report shall be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria and/or other relevant criteria pertaining to the activity completed. Marks allotted for the diary are out of 50. Planning and scheduling the social connect Information/Data collected during the social connect Analysis of the information/data and report writing Considering all above points allotting the marks as mentioned below:

Excellent	: 80 to 100
Good	: 60 to 79
Satisfactory	: 40 to 59
Unsatisfactory and fail	: < 39

SPECIAL NOTE: NO SEMESTER EXAM (SEE) – COMPLETELY PRACTICAL AND ACTIVITIES-BASED EVALUATION

ACTIVITIES

Jamming session, open mic, and poetry: Platform to connect to others. Share the stories with others. Share the experience of Social Connect. Exhibit the talent like playing instruments, singing, one-act play, art-painting, and fine art.

PEDAGOGY

The pedagogy will include interactive lectures, inspiring guest talks, field visits, social immersion, and a course project. Applying and synthesizing information from these sources to define the social problem to address and take up the solution as the course project, with your group. Social immersion with NGOs/social sections will be a key part of the course. Will all lead to the course project that will address the needs of the social sector?

COURSE TOPICS

The course will introduce social context and various players in the social space, and present approaches to discovering and understanding social needs. Social immersion and inspiring conversion will culminate in developing an actual, idea for problem-based intervention, based on an in-depth understanding of a key social problem.

DURATION

A total of 30 - 35 hours engagement per semester is required for the 3rd semester of the B.E./B.Tech. program. The students will be divided into groups. Each group will be handled by faculty mentors. Faculty mentors will design the activities (particularly Jamming sessions open mic, and poetry). Faculty mentors have to design the evaluation system as per VTU guidelines of scheme & syllabus.

PEDAGOGY–GUIDELINES

It may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location and time of execution.

Sl. No	Topic	Group size	Location	Activity Execution	Reporting	Evaluation of the Topic
1.	Plantation and adoption of a tree:	May be individual or team of 5	Farmers land/ parks / Villages /roadside/ community area / College campus etc.....	Site selection /proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
2.	Heritage walk and crafts corner:	May be individual or team of 5	Temples/monumental places / Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/public associations/ Government Schemes officers/ campus etc.....	Site selection /proper consultation/ Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
3.	Organic farming and waste management:	May be individual or team of 5	Farmers land/parks/ Villages visits /roadside/community area / College campus etc.....	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
4.	Water conservation: & conservation techniques	May be individual or team of 5	Villages/City Areas/ Grama panchayat/public associations/Government Schemes officers / campus etc.....	site selection / proper consultation/Continuous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty

5.	Foodwalk: Practices in society	May be individual or team of 5	Villages/City Areas/ Grama panchayat/public associations/Government Schemes officers/campus etc.....	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
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Plan of Action (Execution of Activities)

Sl. NO	Practice Session Description
1	Lecture session in field to start activities
2	Students Presentation on Ideas
3	Execution of Activity - Plantation and adoption of a tree
4	Execution of Activity - Heritage walk and crafts corner
5	Execution of Activity - Organic farming and waste management
6	Execution of Activity - Water conservation
7	Execution of Activity - Foodwalk
8	Case study based Assessment, Individual performance
9	Sector/Team wise study and its consolidation
10	Video based seminar for 10 minutes by each student at the end of semester with Report.
	- Each student should do activities according to the scheme and syllabus. - At the end of semester student performance has to be evaluated by the faculty for the assigned activity progress and its completion. - At last consolidated report of all activities from 1st to 5th, compiled reports should be submitted as per the instructions and scheme.

ESTD : 2001

An Institute with a Difference

B.E. (Common to all Branches)			
Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS)			
SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	FOREIGN LANGUAGE COURSE 1- GERMAN		
Course Code:	BFLC358A	CIE MARKS	50
(L :T : P) + SL	(1:0:0) + (15 Hours/ Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	1	EXAM HOURS	02
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. To develop basic communication skills in German.			
2. To introduce German grammar and sentence structure.			
3. To enhance vocabulary in everyday and academic contexts.			
4. To enable students to comprehend and respond in spoken and written German.			
5. To build intercultural awareness through authentic material like short films and dialogues.			
Module 1		3 Hours	
Vocabulary for day to day activities, Time – official/inofficial, Possessive articles, Speaking about family, Time prepositions, Worksheets, Short Film			
Textbook 1: Chapter 5, 6			
Module 2		3 Hours	
Talk about hobbies, Talking about plans, Trennbare verben/seperable verbs, Going to a restaurant, Worksheets, Short Film			
Textbook: Chapter 5, 6			
Module 3		3 Hours	
Talking about jobs, Talking about the workplace, Helping verbs in Past tense , Attending events in your town, Worksheets, Short Film			
Textbook: Chapter 7, 8			
Module 4		3 Hours	
Daily routine, Body parts, Common illnesses, Visiting the doctor, Healthy living, Worksheets, Short Film			
Textbook: Chapter 7, 8			
Module 5		3 Hours	
Dativ Imperative, Small Talk...Worksheets, Short Film			
Textbook: Chapter 7, 8			

Courseoutcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1: Understand and apply basic German grammar and sentence structure.
- CO2: Communicate using appropriate vocabulary and expressions in daily situations.
- CO3: Fill out simple forms and conduct structured conversations.
- CO4: Comprehend basic written and audio-visual content in German.
- CO5: Recognize basic cultural and linguistic distinctions in German-speaking countries.

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests (MCQs) each conducted for 25 marks.
Alternate Assessment (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2, scaled to 25 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	The sum of two tests, two assignments, will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks.
SEE (C)	50	18	Question papers having 50 MCQs with each question carrying 01 mark, and Examination duration is 2 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE are 20 out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Textbooks

1. Netzwerk A1 Neu Kursbuch
2. Netzwerk A1 Neu Übungsbuch

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources)

- <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLqulmyRfMt6esqE6C4RdOeg0h0IBeYWri>
- <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLWO81tQUNYnX7laegkYvzQiMrSghMXYZCZ>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4-eDoThe6qo>
- <https://learnrgerman.dw.com/en/wer-spricht/l-56577891/e-57119877>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class) / Practical Based learning

- Role Play
- Flipped classroom
- Debate
- Films
- Quiz
- Games
- Handouts

B.E. (Common to all Branches) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	FOREIGN LANGUAGE COURSE 1- SPANISH		
Course Code:	BFLC358B	CIE MARKS	50
(L :T : P) + SL	(1:0:0) + (15 Hours/ Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	1	EXAM HOURS	02
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. To introduce learners to the basics of Spanish phonetics and vocabulary. 2. To familiarize learners with basic sentence elements such as articles, pronouns, and regular verbs. 3. To promote simple self-expression and comprehension in everyday scenarios. 4. To prepare the learners to introduce and describe a person.			
Module 1			3 Hours
Introduction and Phonetics: • Spanish alphabet and sounds. • Numbers (0–50), days and months. • Greetings and introducing yourself. Textbook: Chapter 0 and Chapter 1 – Lesson 2			
Module 2			3 Hours
Nouns and Articles • Gender and number of nouns. • Definite and indefinite articles. • Simple sentence structure with nouns. Textbook: Chapter 2 – Lesson 3			
Module 3			3 Hours
Subject Pronouns and Regular Verbs • Subject pronouns (yo, tú, él, etc.). • Present tense of regular AR/ER/IR verbs. • Making positive and negative sentences. Textbook: Chapter 2 – Lesson 4			
Module 4			3 Hours
Ser vs Estar and Adjectives • Usage of 'ser' and 'estar'. • Descriptive adjectives and agreement. • Describing people and places. Textbook: Chapter 6 – Lesson 11			
Module 5			3 Hours
Demonstratives, Possessives, and Family • Demonstrative adjectives (este, esa, etc.).			

- Possessive adjectives (mí, tu, su, etc.).
- Talking about family and relationships.

Textbook: Chapter 4 – Lesson 7 & Lesson 8; Chapter 6 – Lesson 12

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Recognize and pronounce basic Spanish phonemes and vocabulary.

CO2: Use articles, nouns, subject pronouns and regular verbs in simple sentences.

CO3: Construct and understand basic descriptive sentences using 'ser' and 'estar'.

CO4: Identify and describe relationships using demonstratives and possessives.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests (MCQs) each conducted for 25 marks.
Alternate Assessment (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2, scaled to 25 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	The sum of two tests, two assignments, will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks.
SEE (C)	50	18	Question papers having 50 MCQs with each question carrying 01 mark, and Examination duration is 2 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
• The minimum marks to be secured in CIE are 20 out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Textbook:

1. Chicos Chicas 1
2. Resources and Exercises from Aventura Hispana

Weblinks:

- **YouTube channels:** Butterfly Spanish, Dreaming Spanish

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class) / Practical Based Learning

- Role Play
- Debate
- Short videos
- Games
- Handouts

B.E. (Common to CSE Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	AI Tools & Applications		
Course Code:	BCIL358C	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) +SL	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	01	EXAM HOURS	03
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Use Generative AI tools like ChatGPT, Canva, and Gamma. app for accelerating the creation of content, interactive simulations and assessments, to transform the raw material into structured, ready-to-use assets viz., content documents, presentations or visual handouts effortlessly. 2. Understand Precision Prompting: Scholarly Question Design for Reliable AI Outputs. 3. Use practical methods for leveraging Artificial Intelligence (AI) to enhance the productivity and effectiveness of academic research—specifically in ideation, literature review, and visualization of research connections. 4. Craft Adaptive Architectures for Personalised Learning Pathways using AI tools.			
Program 1 Create high quality, structured course content Using Generative AI tools (Use ChatGPT). Example: Create a lecture on looping statements in Python, World War II, etc.			
Program 2 Demonstrate the Canvas mode in ChatGPT Example 1: Show the Interactive Editing of Documents using prompt-based modifications. Apply a prompt like: “Make this shorter”, “Add an analogy here”, “Convert this into bullet points”. Example 2: Write a paragraph on if-else statements, select it, and prompt: “Explain this with a real-life analogy for beginners.”			
Program 3 Demonstrate the usage of Notion (knowledge management platform) which is a smart, flexible Google Doc with extra features such as Nested pages, Toggle sections, Visual blocks (tables, images, embeds), Easy rearrangement. Example : Create or demonstrate how to: • Paste GPT-generated content into Notion • Break it into pages or collapsible sections • Prepare content for sharing or lesson delivery			
Program 4 Demonstrate the use of Canva Docs and Canva Magic Tools. Example: Demonstrate how to take the AI-generated lesson (on looping Statements in			

Python) and copy it directly into Canva Docs, which is Canva's version of a dynamic document editor. Paste GPT/Notion Content into Canva Docs using Canva Magic Tools. Create a visually enhanced handout or lesson packet that students can download, read on mobile, or print.

After generating the topic breakdown with ChatGPT:

- Use Canva Docs to format each cause as a section
- Add relevant photos from Canva Elements
- Include a "Key Takeaway" block after each section
- Attach a short 2-question quiz at the end

Program 5

Demonstrate the use of Magic Suite-Magic Eraser/Replace, Magic transform, etc.

Example:

- Demonstrate the Magic Write feature. Say, Right-click on a paragraph, then choose actions like: "Rewrite this", "Make it more concise", "Fix grammar", "Expand this with an example", "Custom prompt" (e.g., "Explain this in simple language")
- Demonstrate the Magic Eraser / Replace feature which is Primarily used in images. Say, Erase unwanted objects (e.g., a watermark or irrelevant icon), Replace an item in an image (e.g., change a laptop to a chalkboard)
- Demonstrate the Magic Transform feature which can be used to instantly convert the above created document into multiple formats.

Program 6

Demonstrate the use of Gamma.app-AI-Powered presentation builder.

Show the following Customizations for the document created in above examples.

Feature	Example
Slide Title/Text	Edit headings or simplify slide copy
Image Replacement	Use AI to regenerate more suitable visuals
Content Rewrite	Prompt: "Make this slide simpler for high school students"
Layout Editing	Rearrange card structure or duplicate/delete cards

Program 7

Generate Questions from Content (CTRL Method). CTRL is a powerful method for precision prompting.

Example: Python Conditional Statements

- Prompt Example 1: Create 3 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) on Conditional Statements in Python for college students who are beginners. Keep the tone formal and straightforward.
- Prompt Example 2: Generate 2 Match-the-columns questions on Python Conditional

Statements. Keep the questions beginner-friendly and formal.

- Demo Examples:
- Using PDF as Content Source:
 - ✓ I've uploaded a PDF on "Introduction to Sociology" (provide link). Generate 5 MCQs for undergraduate students. Maintain academic tone, moderate complexity.
- Using Web Link:
 - ✓ Use the content from the following web link (provide actual URL here) and create 3 MCQs on Photosynthesis suitable for high-school biology students.

Program 8

Demonstrate the Parsons Method for Interactive Problem Statements.

Parson's Method enhances problem-solving skills by giving students code fragments or sentences they must put in the correct logical order, proven to improve conceptual understanding.

Live Demonstration Prompt:

Generate a Parson's Problem using Python conditional statements for beginner-level students. Provide shuffled code blocks for a simple "if-else" structure.

Program 9

Demonstrate the usage of AI Tools for Creating and Delivering Tests.

Tools available are: Quizizz AI, ClassMarker, Formative, Google Forms + AI (Form Presenter)

Demonstrate a Use case of AI Tools for Creating and Delivering Tests.

Once questions are created (Q7), automate their conversion into online tests for ease of deployment and analysis. Use Quizizz AI for Automated MCQs, grading and analytics.

Program 10

Demonstrate the use of AI-Driven Research Ideation (ChatGPT + Search)

Live Demonstration Example:

Example Prompt given to ChatGPT:

Suggest 3 novel research angles on the topic:

'Impact of Social Media on Mental Health' relevant to Psychology researchers.

Program 11

Deploy Elicit (elicit.com) for Rapid Literature Discovery.

To overcome manual search limitations, use Elicit, an AI-driven tool specialized in academic literature discovery.

Example: Topic provided: "What is the impact of mindfulness techniques on anxiety among university students?"

Analyzing Search Results:

Elicit automatically generates a structured table of scholarly papers directly related to your query. It quickly provides: Paper titles, Abstracts (automatically summarized), Methodologies, Participants/sample sizes, Year published, citations count, and study types.

The student should Customize Table Columns: say,
 Click “Columns” → Select additional details to view: Population studied, Intervantion details, Outcomes measured, Research methods
 Show the Advanced Filtering techniques: Say

- Filter results by: Publication date, Study type (e.g., randomized control trials, observational studies), Citations count (to identify influential papers)

Program 12

Using Consensus for Quick Expert Insights (consensus.app).

The Consensus AI tool summarizes academic research consensus clearly and visually.

Example: Enter your research query.:

"Does social media use negatively impact teenagers' mental health?"

Understand the Results: "Consensus Meter" summarizing expert agreement, Conduct In-depth Exploration of each summarized statement, do Advanced Filtering (Narrow down by year, relevance, study type, or agreement level).

Program 13

Visualizing Research Connections with Litmaps (app.litmaps.com)

Litmaps, a visualization tool that simplifies understanding complex academic citation networks visually

Example: Enter your core research paper or DOI (Digital Object Identifier).

Explore the Visual Citation Map (Connected papers represented visually, indicating citation relationships clearly. Papers connected via arrows showing who cites whom).

Interactivity and Exploration: Click on any paper node to: Quickly see its abstract, authors, citations. Explore further connections expanding research context.

Refine the Map: Filter the visualizations by: Year, Citations, Keywords, Publication type

Program 14

Explore how Generative AI can be applied in education to enable personalised learning experiences and support learners across various tasks. Use AI Tools such as Khanmigo, QuestionWell (For generating questions aligned to standards) or Diffit (For creating differentiated instructional materials).

- Example Prompt 1:
 “Act as a backend software development interviewer. Ask questions about JavaScript, React, Node.js, SQL, AWS, and System Design. Provide feedback based on a rubric.”
 - Example Prompt 2:
 “Act as a Python Developer. Create a learning plan for someone transitioning from another programming language. Ask clarification questions before proceeding.”
 - Example Prompt 3:
 “Provide constructive feedback on the student's answer based on the rubric. Mention 2 strengths, 2 areas for improvement, and suggestions. Use a positive tone.”
- Tools You Can Explore: Brisk (Chrome extension for Google Docs), MagicSchool.ai (AI assistant for teachers).

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply Generative AI tools such as ChatGPT, Canva, and Gamma.app to create structured content, simulations, and assessments.
CO2	Transform raw information into well-structured academic or professional outputs using AI tools like Canva Docs and Gamma.app.
CO3	Design precision prompts to generate reliable scholarly content and evaluation questions using advanced prompting strategies.
CO4	Utilize AI-powered platforms (e.g., Elicit, Consensus, Litmaps) to enhance productivity in research ideation, literature review, and visualization.
CO5	Create adaptive and personalized learning pathways using AI tools to support differentiated instruction and learner engagement.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Text Book

1. Sandeep Surapaneni, Introduction to AI for Non-Tech People

Available at: <https://www.scribd.com/document/855410054/AI-for-Beginners-by-Sandeep-Surapaneni>

Reference Links:

- OpenAI Prompt Engineering Guide: <https://platform.openai.com/docs/guides/prompt-engineering>
- Effective Few-shot prompting examples :
https://learnprompting.org/docs/basics/few_shot_prompting
- Parsons Problems Explained (Research-backed) :
<https://computinged.wordpress.com/2017/06/05/parsons-problems-have-same-learning-gains-as-writing-or-fixing-code-with-less-frustration-and-more-fun/>
- Example Parsons Problem Online Tool : <https://parsons.problemsolving.io/>
- Edutopia on AI Writing Feedback : <https://www.edutopia.org/article/ai-writing-feedback-students/#:~:text=As%20a%20writing%20teacher%20I,%20like%20them%20a%20I%20t>

Suggested Learning Resources:

Tool	Link
ChatGPT (Canvas)	https://chat.openai.com
Notion	https://notion.so
Canva Docs	https://www.canva.com
Gamma.app	https://gamma.app
Genially	https://www.genial.ly
Quizizz AI	https://quizizz.com
H5P	https://h5p.org
AI Tutor	https://chatgpt.com/share/68358dc1-0748-8006-a2bf-c50023cc280f
Khanmigo	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rnIgnS8Sug&t=119s
Elicit	https://elicit.com/
Consensus	https://consensus.app/
Litmaps	https://app.litmaps.com/

B.E. (CSE(AI&ML)) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title	Data Analytics with Excel		
Course Code	BCIL358D	CIE MARKS	50
L: T: P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	01	EXAM HOURS	3
Course Learning Objectives: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Apply analysis techniques to datasets in Excel. 2. Learn how to use Pivot Tables and Pivot Charts to streamline your workflow in Excel. 3. Understand and identify the principles of data analysis. 4. Become adept at using Excel functions and techniques for analysis. 5. Build presentation ready dashboards in Excel.			
Exp#	Experiment Title		
1	Getting Started with Excel: Create a sample Excel sheet and explore different tabs in the Ribbon and their functionalities.		
2	Working with Data: Importing data, Data Entry & Manipulation, Sorting & Filtering.		
3	Working with Data: Data Validation, Pivot Tables & Pivot Charts.		
4	Data Analysis Process: Conditional Formatting, What-If Analysis, Data Tables, Charts & Graphs.		
5	Cleaning Data with Text Functions: use of UPPER and LOWER, TRIM function, Concatenate.		
6	Cleaning Data Containing Date and Time Values: use of DATEVALUE function, DATEADD and DATEDIF, TIMEVALUE functions.		
7	Conditional Formatting: formatting, parsing, and highlighting data in spreadsheets during data analysis.		
8	Working with Multiple Sheets: work with multiple sheets within a workbook is crucial for organizing and managing data perform complex calculations and create comprehensive reports.		
9	Create worksheet for Tracking Project Budgets: Sheet should contain Project ID, Project Name, Department, Project Manager, Allocated Budget, Resources Cost, Equipment Cost, Travel & Miscellaneous Cost, Total Expenses (calculated), Budget Variance (calculated as Allocated Budget – Total Expenses), Project Status (e.g., On Budget / Over Budget using formula logic). Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data.		
10	Create worksheet on Student Performance Management: Sheet should contain Student ID, Student Name, Course Name, Internal Marks, External Marks, Total Marks, Result (Pass/Fail using a formula: Pass if Total Marks $\geq$ 40), Grade (use nested IF formula to assign grades A, B, C, or F based on Total Marks), Date of Exam. Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data.		
11	Create worksheet on Hospital Patient Records Management: data consisting of Patient ID, Name, Gender, age, Date of Admission, Department (e.g., Cardiology, Orthopedics, Pediatrics), Diagnosis, Treatment Type (Inpatient/Outpatient), Number		

	of Days Admitted, Cost Per Day, Total Bill Amount (calculated using a formula), City of Residence, Mode of Payment and other details. Use of formula to segregate different categories and perform a comparative study using pivot tables and different sort of charts.
12	Generation of report & presentation using Autofilter & Macro

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Use advanced functions and productivity tools to assist in developing worksheets
CO2	Manipulate data lists using Outline and PivotTables.
CO3	Use Consolidation to summarise and report results from multiple worksheets.
CO4	Apply Macros and Autofilter to solve the given real-world scenario.

Textbook

1. Berk & Carey - Data Analysis with Microsoft® Excel: Updated for Office 2007®, Third Edition, © 2010 Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning, ISBN-13: 978-0-495-39178-4
2. Wayne L. Winston - Microsoft Excel 2019: Data Analysis And Business Modeling, PHI, ISBN:9789389347180
3. Aryan Gupta - Data Analysis in Excel: The Best Guide.

Reference Textbook:

Mrs. Rashmi B C – The Excel Handbook: Essential Tips, Tricks, and Techniques for Success in Data Analysis and Reporting.

E- Learning Resources

<https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/excel-tutorial/data-analysis-excel>

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

B.E. (Common to CSE & Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	Project Management with GIT		
Course Code:	BCS358E	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	1	EXAM HOURS	2
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Become familiar with the basic commands of Git. 2. Learn how to create and manage branches effectively. 3. Understand the concepts of collaboration using remote repositories. 4. Become proficient with version control commands.			
Experiment 1.Setting Up and Basic Commands			
Initialize a new Git repository in a directory. Create a new file and add it to the staging area and commit the changes with an appropriate commit message			
Experiment 2. Creating and Managing Branches			
Create a new branch named "feature-branch." Switch to the "master" branch. Merge the "feature-branch" into "master."			
Experiment 3.Creating and Managing Branches			
Write the commands to stash your changes, switch branches, and then apply the stashed changes.			
Experiment 4.Collaboration and Remote Repositories			
Clone a remote Git repository to your local machine.			
Experiment 5.Collaboration and Remote Repositories			
Fetch the latest changes from a remote repository and rebase your local branch onto the updated remote branch.			
Experiment 6.Collaboration and Remote Repositories			
Write the command to merge "feature-branch" into "master" while providing a custom commit message for the merge.			
Experiment 7.Git Tags and Releases			
Write the command to create a lightweight Git tag named "v1.0" for a commit in your local repository.			
Experiment 8. Advanced Git Operations			
Write the command to cherry-pick a range of commits from "source-branch" to the current branch			
Experiment 9.Analysing and Changing Git History			
Given a commit ID, how would you use Git to view the details of that specific commit, including the author, date, and commit message?			
Experiment 10.Analysing and Changing Git History			

Write the command to list all commits made by the author "JohnDoe" between "2023-01-01" and "2023-12-31."

Experiment 11. Analysing and Changing Git History

Write the command to display the last five commits in the repository's history.

Program 12. Analysing and Changing Git History

Write the command to undo the changes introduced by the commit with the ID "abc123"

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Use the basics commands related to git repository
CO2	Create and manage the branches
CO3	Apply commands related to Collaboration and Remote Repositories
CO4	Use the commands related to Git Tags, Releases and advanced git operations
CO5	Analyse and change the git history

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. P. K. Ponuthurai and J. Loeliger, "Version Control with Git", 3rd Edition. Sebastopol, CA, USA: O'Reilly Media, Inc., Oct. 2022.
2. S. Chacon and B. Straub, "Pro Git", 2nd Edition. Apress. [Online]. Available: <https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2>
3. Infosys Springboard, "Git and GitHub - Basics," [Online]. Available: https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_0130944433473699842782_shared/overview
4. Infosys Springboard, "Advanced Git and GitHub," [Online]. Available: https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex_auth_01330134712177459211926_shared/overview

B.E. (Common to All Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – III			
Course Title:	NSS-NationalService Scheme		
Course Code:	BNSK359	CIE MARKS	100
L : T : P: SL	0:0:0:30	SEE MARKS	0
Credits:	0	EXAM HOURS	-
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve the problem-solving. 2. Develop among them a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems. 3. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.			
Module-1			
Introduction and Basic Concepts of NSS Aims and Objective of NSS. Emblem, Moto, Flag Role and Responsibility of youth in various activities of NSS			
Module-2			
Youth Leadership Definition of Leadership and Important components (Social, Mental, Moral and Cultural) Qualities and Characteristics of good leaders Role of Youth leadership			
Module-3			
Community Work through NSS Community Work: Meaning and Nature Concept of regular activities undertaking of NSS			
Module-4			
NSS Activity-1			
Module-5			
NSS Activity-2			

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the motto and concepts of NSS
CO2	Develop overall personality of volunteers and make them as leaders and responsible citizens of our nation
CO3	Analyze the environmental and societal problems/issues and will be able to design solutions for the same.
CO4	Communicate effectively with the community and with the officials.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
Evaluation based on Reports (A)	100	-	5 modules Reports, 5 modules X 10 M each = 50 M
Total CIE Theory (A)	100	40	
SEE (B)	-	-	-
CIE+SEE (A+B)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 40 out of allotted 50 marks with minimum 40 % scored in every component of CIE. - No SEE for this subject			

Reference Books

1. NSS Course Manual, Published by NSS Cell, VTU Belagavi.
2. Government of Karnataka, NSS cell, activities reports and its manual.
3. Government of India, NSS cell, Activities reports and its manual.

Weblinks

1. <https://nss.gov.in/>
2. <https://pledge.mygov.in/>



IV SEMESTER SUBJECTS

ESTD : 2001
An Institute with a Difference

B.E. (CSE & Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	Designand Analysis of Algorithms		
Course Code:	BCS401	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	(3:2:0) + (45 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	4	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Learn the methods for analyzing algorithms and evaluating their performance. 2. Demonstrate the efficiency of algorithms using asymptotic notations. 3. Solve problems using various algorithm design methods, including brute force, greedy, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking, and branch and bound. 4. Learn the concepts of P and NP complexity classes.			
Module-1			9 Hours
Fundamentals: What is an Algorithm? Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving, Important Problem types, fundamentals of the analysis of Algorithm Efficiency: Analysis Framework, AsymptoticNotationsand Basic Efficiency Classes, Mathematical Analysis of Non-Recursive Algorithms, Mathematical Analysis of Recursive Algorithms. Problem Complexity: Limitations of AlgorithmPower,Non-DeterministicAlgorithms,P,NP,NPComplete, and NP-Hard classes Textbook1: Chapter-1(1.1-1.3), Chapter-2(2.1-2.4), Chapter-11(11.1-11.3)			
Module-2			9 Hours
Brute-Force and Exhaustive search: Selection Sort, Bubble Sort, Sequential Search and String Matching, Assignment Problem, Knapsack Problem, Travelling Salesman Problem Decrease-and-Conquer: Insertion sort, Topological Sorting Divide-and-Conquer: Merge Sort, Quicksort, Max Min Algorithm, Strassen's Matrix Multiplication. Text book 1: Chapter-3 (3.1-3.2,3.4) Chapter-4 (4.1-4.2) Chapter-5 (5.1-5.2,5.4) Textbook 2: Chapter-3 (3.3)			
Module-3			9 Hours
Greedy Technique: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskals Algorithm, Dijkstra's Algorithm, Huffman Trees, Greedy Knapsack Transform and Conquer: Balanced Search Trees (AVL trees), Heapsort. Text book 1: Chapter-9(9.1-9.4) Chapter-6 (6.3-6.4) Textbook 2: Chapter-4 (4.2)			

Module-4	9 Hours
Dynamic Programming: Multistage Graph, The Knapsack Problem and Memory functions, Warshall's Algorithm, Floyd's Algorithms. Space and Time Trade-offs: Sorting by Counting (Comparison & Distributed), Input Enhancement in String Matching: Horspool's algorithm. Text book 1: Chapter-8(8.2,8.4) Chapter-7(7.1-7.2)	
Module-5	9 Hours
Backtracking: n-Queens Problem, Hamiltonian Circuit problem, Subset-Sum Problem. Branch-and-Bound: Assignment Problem, Knapsack Problem, Traveling Salesman Problem. Decision Trees: Decision Trees for Sorting. Text book 1: Chapter-12 (12.1-12.2) Chapter-11 (11.2)	

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply fundamental concepts of algorithmic problem solving, analyse algorithm efficiency using asymptotic notations, and differentiate problem complexity classes like P, NP, NP-Hard Complete, and NP-Hard.
CO2	Analyse brute-force, decrease-and-conquer, and divide-and-conquer algorithms to solve basic sorting, searching, and matrix problems.
CO3	Apply greedy techniques and transform-and-conquer strategies to solve real-world problems such as minimum spanning trees, shortest paths, and efficient sorting.
CO4	Solve optimization problems using dynamic programming and understand space-time trade-offs in algorithm design with string matching and counting techniques.
CO5	Apply backtracking and branch-and-bound strategies to constraint satisfaction and combinatorial problems and understand the use of decision trees in analysing algorithm complexity.

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE- IA Tests (A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.

CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.
Total CIE Practical (C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical (A + B + C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE (D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks

1. Anany Levitin, "Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms", 3rd Edition, Pearson 2014.
2. Ellis Horowitz, Satrajit Sahni, Rajasekharam, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", 2nd University Press Pvt. Ltd 2009.

Reference Books

1. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein "Introduction to Algorithms", 3rd MIT Press 2009.
2. Padma Reddy, "Analysis and Design of Algorithms", 1st Sri Nandi Publications 2009.

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	Database Management Systems		
Course Code:	BCS402	CIE MARKS	50
L: T : P + SL	(3:0:2) + (45 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	4	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Understand the fundamental concepts, architecture, and advantages of Database Management Systems and their role in data handling. 2. Design and model database schemas using Entity-Relationship (ER) diagrams and map conceptual designs to relational models. 3. Write efficient SQL queries for data definition, manipulation, and retrieval, and understand NoSQL databases and their applications. 4. Apply normalization techniques to design well-structured relational database schemas and eliminate redundancy. 5. Comprehend transaction processing, concurrency control, and recovery techniques to ensure data integrity and reliability in database systems.			
Module – 1			9 Hours
Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence. Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER Diagrams, Naming Conventions, and Design Issues. <i>An Institute with a Difference</i> Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.7, 2.1 to 2.2, 2.5 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7			
Module – 2			9 Hours
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping. Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.). Textbook 1: Ch 9.1; Ch 5.1 to 5.3, Ch 8.1 to 8.4			

Module – 3		9 Hours
SQL: SQL data definition and data types, Schema change statements in SQL, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL. More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL. NOSQL Databases and Big Data Storage Systems: Introduction to NOSQL Systems, The CAP Theorem, Document-Based NOSQL Systems and MongoDB. Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, Ch 7.1 to 7.3, Ch 24.1 to 24.3		
Module – 4		9 Hours
Normalization: Database Design Theory - Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form. Relational Database Design Algorithms: Functional Dependencies: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, About Nulls, Dangling Tuples. Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to 14.5, Ch 15.1 – 15.4		
Module – 5		9 Hours
Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering. Database Recovery Techniques: Recovery Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO Recovery Based on Deferred Update, Recovery Techniques Based on Immediate Update. Textbook 1: Ch20.1to20.6, Ch 21.1to21.2, Ch 22.1 – 22.5, 22.7		

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl. No.	EXPERIMENTS
PART A	
1	Introduction of concept of rows and columns with attribute names using MS-Excel File or Spreadsheet with multiple sheets representing multiple tables.

2	Introduction of simple databases like SQL Lite / Oracle 11g / MySQL or online SQL interfaces such as https://livesql.oracle.com/ with CREATE, ALTER, DROP, INSERT, DELETE, UPDATE, GRANT, REVOKE,... SQL statements
3	Introduction to ER – Diagram and Schema writing with all the concepts like types of attributes, entity types, participation ratio, cardinality ratio, structural constraints, etc., Case studies on databases such as Banking, Airline, Employee, Library to be discussed in detail.
4	Installation of an Open-Source NoSQL Database MongoDB & perform basic CRUD (Create, Read, Update & Delete) operations. Execute MongoDB basic queries using CRUD operations. https://www.mongodb.com/try/download/community
5	Consider the following schema for a Library Database: BOOK (<u>Book_id</u> , Title, Publisher_Name, Pub_Year) BOOK_AUTHORS (<u>Book_id</u> , Author_Name) PUBLISHER (<u>Name</u> , Address, Phone) BOOK_COPIES (<u>Book_id</u> , <u>Branch_id</u> , No-of_Copies) BOOK_LENDING (<u>Book_id</u> , <u>Branch_id</u> , <u>Card_No</u> , Date_Out, Due_Date) LIBRARY_BRANCH (<u>Branch_id</u> , Branch_Name, Address) BORROWER (<u>Card_no</u> , Name, Address, Phone) Write SQL queries to a. Retrieve details of all books in the library – id, title, name of publisher, authors, number of copies in each branch, etc. b. Get the particulars of borrowers who have borrowed more than 3 books, but from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. c. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this data manipulation operation. d. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query. e. Create a view of all books and its number of copies that are currently available in the Library.
6	Consider the following schema for Order Database: SALESMAN (<u>Salesman_id</u> , Name, City, Commission) CUSTOMER (<u>Customer_id</u> , Cust_Name, City, Grade, Salesman_id) ORDERS (<u>Ord_No</u> , Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id) Write SQL queries to a. Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average. b. Find the name and numbers of all salesmen who had more than one customer. c. List all the salesman and indicate those who have and don't have customers in their cities (Use UNION operation.) d. Create a view that finds the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day. e. Demonstrate the DELETE operation by removing salesman with id 1000. All his orders must also be deleted.
7	Consider the schema for Movie Database: ACTOR (<u>Act_id</u> , Act_Name, Act_Gender) DIRECTOR (<u>Dir_id</u> , Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)

	MOVIES (Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIE_CAST (Act_id, Mov_id, Role) RATING (Mov_id, Rev_Stars) Write SQL queries to - List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'. - Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies. - List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015 (use JOIN operation). - Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by movie title. - Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5
8	Consider the schema for College Database: STUDENT (USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender) SEMSEC (SSID, Sem, Sec) CLASS (USN, SSID) SUBJECT (Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits) IAMARKS (USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA) Write SQL queries to - List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section. - Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each section. - Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1RN25CS100' in all subjects. - Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table for all students. - Categorize students based on the following criterion: If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding' If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average' If FinalIA < 12 then CAT = 'Weak'. Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.
9	Consider the schema for Company Database: EMPLOYEE (SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo) DEPARTMENT (DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate) DLOCATION (DNo, DLoc) PROJECT (PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo) WORKS_ON (SSN, PNo, Hours) Write SQL queries to - Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott', either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project. - Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent raise. - Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department. - Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator). - For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and the number of its employees who are making more than Rs. 6,00,000.
PART B	

10	Mini Project - Batch formation with a 2 – 3 students in a batch and topic finalization. The following are to be included in the mini – project: - Design of database using ER Diagram / Schema Diagram - Implementation of backend using both Structured and Unstructured databases. - Front-end design using any scripting languages like JavaScript, PHP, Python etc. - Must include an innovative component in the implementation of the project. - Projects must be uploaded into GitHub repository for final submission with public access and all the documentation for demonstration. - A mini project report with soft binding with formats as specified by the department to be submitted at the end after demonstration.
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COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Define the fundamentals of DBMS architecture, data models, and ER modelling concepts.
CO2	Construct ER diagrams into relational schemas and apply relational algebra operations.
CO3	Formulate SQL queries and differentiate between SQL and NoSQL databases.
CO4	Apply normalization techniques to design relational schemas up to BCNF.
CO5	Analyse transaction processing and implement concurrency control and recovery techniques.

ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION REGULATIONS

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE- IA Tests (A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30	12	Marks of Tests and Assignments awarded for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical	12	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test	8	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 8.

Total CIE Practical (C)	20	8	Marks of Experiments, Record and Test awarded for a maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical (A + B + C)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE (D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.

Reference Books:

1. Database Management Systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill.
2. Silberschatz Korth and Sudharshan, Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2013.

Weblinks:

1. <https://www.youtube.com/@databasemanagementsystem-i4463> (NPTEL)
2. <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLxCzCOWd7aiFAN6I8CuViBuCdJgiOkT2Y>
3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c5HAWKX-suM&ab_channel=SCALER
4. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/dbms/dbms/>

Self – Study topics:

Module 3: (Ch 24.4 – 24.6)

NOSQL Key-Value Stores, Column-Based or Wide Column NOSQL Systems, NOSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j

Module 4: (Ch 14.6 – 14.7)

Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.

Module 5: (21.3 – 21.5)

Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

Activity Based Learning Mini Project:

(Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical Based Learning

1. <https://www.hackerrank.com/domains/sql> - to explore the problem solving
2. Case Study based flip class

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	Microcontrollers and IoT		
Course Code:	BCS403	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	3:0:2 + (45 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	4	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. Understand the basics of ARM architecture, registers, exceptions, and interrupts. 2. Use ARM instructions for data processing, memory access, and software interrupts. 3. Write efficient C programs and understand how interrupts are handled. 4. Learn about sensors, actuators, and IoT communication protocols. 5. Build simple IoT applications using Arduino Uno and communication modules.			
Module-1			9 Hours
ARM Processor Fundamentals- Registers, Current Program Status Register, Exceptions, Interrupts, Vector Table.			
Introduction to the ARM Instruction Set- Data Processing Instructions, Branch Instructions.			
Text book 1: Chapter-2(2.1-2.2,2.4), Chapter-3(3.1-3.2)			
Module-2			9 Hours
Load-Store Instructions, Software Interrupt Instruction. Program Status Register Instructions.			
Text book 1: Chapter-3(3.3-3.5(Excluding 3.5.1,3.5.2))			
Module-3			9 Hours
Efficient C Programming			
Overview of C Compilers and Optimization, Basic C Data Types, C Looping Structures. Exception and Interrupt Handling, Exception Handling, Interrupts.			
Textbook 1: Chapter-5(5.1-5.3), Chapter-9(9.1-9.2)			
Module-4			9 Hours
What is IoT? Transducers, Sensors and Actuators- Defining Transducers, Sensors and Actuators, Introduction to transducers, Introduction to Sensors.			
IoT Protocols- Protocol Classification, MQTT, COAP, REST.			
Textbook2: Chapter-1(1.1), Chapter-2(2.1-2.2,2.3.1,2.3.2.1-2.3.2.2,2.4), Chapter-3(3.1-3.2,3.6-3.7)			
Module-5			9 Hours
Introduction to Arduino, Exploring Arduino Uno Learning Board, Installing the software Fundamentals of Arduino Programming, Introduction to Communications, Example Module on Arduino.			
Textbook 2: Chapter-7(7.1-7.6)			

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl. No.	EXPERIMENTS
PART A	
1	Write an ALP to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
2	Write an ALP to i) Multiply two 16-bit numbers. ii) Add two 32-bit numbers.
3	Write an ALP to find the factorial of a number.
4	Write an ALP to add an array of 16-bit numbers and store the 32-bit result in internal RAM.
5	Write an ALP to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
6	Write an ALP to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.
7	Write an ALP to arrange a series of 32-bit numbers in ascending/descending order.
8	Write an ALP to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.
9	Assembly Language Program (ALP).
PART B	
10	<u>Using any IoT Interfacing Boards</u> 1. Develop a program to blink 5 LEDs back and forth. 2. Develop a program to control a DC motor. 3. Develop a program to deploy smart street light system using LDR sensor. 4. Develop a program to classify dry and wet waste with the Moisture sensor (DHT22). 5. Develop a program to detect the gas leakage in the surrounding environment. 6. Develop a water level depth detection system using Ultrasonic sensor.
Demo Experiments	
11	1. Develop a program to setup a UART protocol and pass a string through the protocol. 2. Develop a program to demonstrate weather station readings.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Interpret the ARM architecture, registers, exceptions, interrupts, and the vector table.
CO2	Apply ARM instructions for data processing, branching, and software interrupts.
CO3	Demonstrate efficient embedded C programming techniques and optimization strategies.
CO4	Illustrate the role of sensors and actuators in IoT systems, and evaluate various IoT communication protocols
CO5	Develop simple IoT-based embedded applications using MCUs and sensor modules.

ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION REGULATIONS OF IPCC

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE- IA Tests (A)	20	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 20 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	10	-	Any one Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 scaled to 10 marks.
Total CIE Theory (A+B)	30		Marks of Tests and Assignments scaled for a maximum of 30.
CIE Practical			1 for Weekly Conduction of and Submission of Laboratory 12 marks.
CIE Practical Test			Two tests, each 10 marks covering all 8.
Total CIE Practical (C)			Experiments, Record and Test maximum of 20 marks.
CIE: Theory + Practical (A + B + C)	50		Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks.
SEE (D)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE+SEE (A+B+C+D)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B, C and D
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included in their respective modules only.			

Textbooks:

1. N. Sloss, D. Symes, and C. Wright, "ARM System Developer's Guide", Amsterdam, Netherlands: Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann, 2008.
2. K. G. Srinivasa, G. M. Siddesh, and R. Hanumantha Raju, "Internet of Things", New Delhi, India: Cengage India, 2018.

Reference Books:

1. Raghunandan, “Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System”, New Delhi, India: Cengage Learning, 2019.
2. A. Bahga and V. Madisetti, “Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach”, 1e. Universities Press, 2014.

Weblinks:

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs15/preview
2. <https://www.arm.com>
3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ARM_architecture_family
4. <https://developer.arm.com/documentation>
5. https://developer.arm.com/documentation/dui0041/c/ARM-Compiler-Reference/C-and-C---implementation-details/Basic-data-types?utm_source=chatgpt.com
6. https://www.emqx.com/en/blog/iot-protocols-mqtt-coap-lwm2m?utm_source=chatgpt.com
7. https://www.fortinet.com/resources/cyberglossary/iot?utm_source=chatgpt.com
8. https://www.emqx.com/en/blog/iot-protocols-mqtt-coap-lwm2m?utm_source=chatgpt.com
9. <https://www.arduino.cc>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Mini Project:

- Flipped Classroom
- Role Play
- Group Discussion (GD)
- Model Building / Concept Mapping
- Peer Teaching / Student Seminars
- Project Based Learning

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	Design and Analysis of Algorithms Laboratory		
Course Code:	BCSL404	CIE MARKS	50
L: T: P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	1	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Learn the methods for analysing algorithms and evaluating their performance to demonstrate the efficiency of algorithms using asymptotic notations. 2. Demonstrate the efficiency of algorithms using asymptotic notations. 3. Solve problems using various algorithm design methods, including brute force, greedy, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking, and branch and bound. 4. Learn the concepts of P and NP complexity classes.			
Program 1. Selection Sort – Sorting Student IDs			
Design and implement a C program to sort a list of student roll numbers from a university database using the Selection Sort algorithm.			
Objective: Record and compare the time taken for sorting as the number of student records increases ($n > 5000$).			
Application: Helps in managing ordered student data efficiently for attendance systems or result generation.			
Program 2. Merge Sort – Organizing Medical Reports			
Design and implement a C program to sort large sets of patient report IDs using Merge Sort.			
Objective: Track execution time for datasets with $n > 5000$ and plot time vs data size.			
Application: Efficient sorting of medical records in a hospital management system.			
Program 3. Quick Sort – E-Commerce Order Sorting			
Design and implement a C program to sort customer order IDs based on timestamps using Quick Sort.			
Objective: Measure performance on data size > 5000 and plot performance graph.			
Application: Fast processing of online orders in an e-commerce platform.			
Program 4. Topological Sort – Task Scheduling in Project Management			
Implement a C program to find the topological ordering of tasks in a project where some tasks depend on the completion of others.			
Application: Automating task scheduling tools like Jira or Trello where dependencies exist.			
Program 5. 0/1 Knapsack – Cargo Optimization			
Implement a C program to solve the 0/1 Knapsack problem to maximize the value of items packed in a delivery truck with weight constraints.			
Application: Logistic companies optimizing truck loads with limited capacity			

Program 6. Greedy Knapsack – Stock Refill Strategy

Implement a C/C++ program to solve discrete and fractional knapsack problems using greedy methods to choose items for shelf restocking in a supermarket based on value-to-weight ratio. **Application:** Inventory management and optimization.

Program 7. Dijkstra's Algorithm – GPS Navigation System

Implement a C/C++ program to find shortest paths from a given location to all other locations in a city's road network.

Application: GPS systems like Google Maps, for calculating the shortest routes.

Program 8a. Floyd's Algorithm – Travel Time Optimization Problem:

Implement a C/C++ program to find the shortest paths between all pairs of cities in a country using Floyd's algorithm.

Application: Railway or airline scheduling and route planning.

Program 8b. Warshall's Algorithm – Webpage Reachability

Implement a C/C++ program to determine reachability between all webpages using Warshall's algorithm on a hyperlink graph.

Application: Search engines identifying which pages link to others.

Program 9. Kruskal's Algorithm – Designing Network Layouts

Implement a C/C++ program to find the Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a network using Kruskal's algorithm.

Application: Laying cables (like fiber optic) for minimum cost in a connected campus or city.

Program 10. Prim's Algorithm – Power Grid Optimization

Implement a C/C++ program to build the minimum cost electricity network using Prim's algorithm.

Application: Designing cost-effective electricity distribution networks.

Program 11. Subset Sum – Payment Combinations

Implement a C/C++ program to find all payment combinations using a set of coin or currency denominations that sum up to a required amount.

Application: ATM cash dispensing or vending machines.

Program 12. N-Queens – Security Camera Placement

Implement a C/C++ program to solve the N-Queens problem to place security cameras in a museum grid such that no two cameras cover the same row, column, or diagonal.

Application: Surveillance system optimization.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Analyse and implement sorting algorithms such as Selection Sort, Merge Sort, and Quick Sort to solve domain-specific problems.
CO2	Apply graph-based algorithms such as Topological Sort, Dijkstra's, Floyd's, Warshall's, Kruskal's, and Prim's algorithms to solve real-time optimization and scheduling problems

CO3	Design and develop efficient solutions using Dynamic Programming techniques for combinatorial problems.
CO4	Solve resource allocation problems using Greedy algorithms and demonstrate their effectiveness in constrained environments.
CO5	Implement backtracking techniques to solve constraint satisfaction problems such as the N-Queens problem.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Weblinks:

1. Virtual Labs (CSE): <http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based Learning Mini Project:

1. Simulation of Algorithms
2. Leet Coding

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	Linear Algebra		
Course Code:	BCS405A	CIE MARKS	50
L: T : P: SL	(3:0:0) + (45 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	3	EXAM HOURS	3
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
1. To help students to understand System of linear equations and vector spaces. 2. To impart basics of Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors and their importance. 3. To facilitate students in applying inner product in Gram- Smidth process. 4. To provide some special operations of vector spaces and Matrices.			
Module-1		9 Hours	
The geometry of linear equations, existence and uniqueness, LU-decomposition and computational complexity, Vector Spaces and subspaces (Definitions only), The column space and null space of a given matrix, linearly independent, Bases and dimension, Null space and column space of a matrix, The four fundamental subspaces.			
Textbook 2: Ch - 1.2, 1.5, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4			
Module-2		9 Hours	
Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Diagonalization, Eigen vectors and linear transformations, Complex Matrices.			
Textbook 2: Ch - 5.1,5.2, 5.5			
Module-3		9 Hours	
Inner product, length and orthogonality, orthogonal sets and projections, orthonormal Basis, Gram-Schmidt process, QR-factorization, least square approximation, Rotation.			
Textbook 1: Ch- 6.1, to 6.4, 6.7			
Module-4		9 Hours	
Diagonalization of symmetric matrices, quadratic forms and its classifications, constrained optimisation and Singular value decomposition, Application to Image Processing.			
Textbook 1: Ch - 7.1 to 7.5			
Module-5		9 Hours	
The intersection, sum, Cartesian product and the Tensor product of two vector spaces, The Kronecker Product of Two Matrices, Jordan canonical form.			
Textbook 2: Ch A – A.1 to A.5 and B			

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)			
Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.			

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts of vector spaces and subspaces.
CO2	Apply the concept of linear independence, basis and dimension in solving problems.
CO3	Perform computations using linear transformations and their matrix representations.
CO4	Analyze eigenvalues and eigenvectors and their applications.
CO5	Evaluate inner product spaces and orthogonality principles.

Textbooks:

1. David C. Lay, Steven R. Lay, Judi J Mc. Donald: “Linear Algebra and its applications”, Pearson Education, 4th Edition, 2017.
2. Gilbert Strang: “Linear Algebra and its applications”, Brooks Cole, 4th edition, 2005.

Reference Books:

1. Richard Bronson & Gabriel B. Costa: “Linear Algebra: An Introduction”, 2nd edition. Academic Press, 2014.
2. Seymour Lipschutz, Marc Lipso: “Theory and problems of linear algebra”, Schaum’s outline series - 6th edition, 2017, McGraw-Hill Education.
3. Marc Peter Deisenroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong: “Mathematics for Machine learning”, Cambridge University Press, 2020.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-06sc-linear-algebra-fall-2011/index.htm>
2. <https://www.math.ucdavis.edu/~linear/linear.pdf>
3. <https://www.coursera.org/learn/linear-algebra-machine-learning>
4. <https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/111106051/>
5. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
6. [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
7. <http://academicearth.org/>
8. VTU e-Shikshana Program
9. VTU EDUSAT Program.

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B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	GRAPH THEORY		
Course Code:	BCS405B	CIE MARKS	50
L :T : P: SL	(3:0:0) + (45 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	03	EXAM HOURS	03
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. Understand the basic concepts of graphs and their properties, and operations of graphs.			
2. Hamiltonian and Euler graphs, trees and matrix representation of the graph.			
3. Apply the concepts of a planar graph, matching and colouring in computer science engineering.			
Module-1		9 Hours	
Introduction. Basic definition, Application of graphs, finite, infinite and bipartite graphs, Incidence and Degree, Isolated vertex, pendant vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits, Isomorphism, sub-graphs, walks, paths and circuits, connected graphs, disconnected graphs and components.			
Text 1: Ch- 1.1 to 1.5, Ch - 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 2.5			
Module-2		9 Hours	
Eulerian and Hamiltonian graphs, Euler graphs, Operations on graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Travelling salesman problem, directed graphs, types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation.			
Text 1: Ch- 2.6 - 2.10			
Module-3		9 Hours	
Trees -properties, pendant vertex, Distance and centers in a tree, Rooted and binary trees, counting trees, spanning trees.			
Connectivity Graphs -Vertex Connectivity, Edge Connectivity, Cut set and Cut Vertices, Fundamental circuits and cut-sets.			
Text 1: Ch - 3.1 to 3.7, 4.1, 4.3 and 4.5.			
Module-4		9 Hours	
Planar Graphs -Planar graphs, Kuratowski's theorem (proof not required), Different representations of planar graphs, Euler's theorem, Geometric dual.			
Graph Representations: Matrix representation of graphs, Adjacency matrix, Incidence Matrix, Circuit Matrix, Path Matrix.			
Text 1: Ch - 5.2 to 5.6, 7.1 to 7.3, 7.8 and 7.9.			
Module-5		9 Hours	
Graph Colouring -Colouring, Chromatic number, Chromatic polynomial, Matchings, Coverings, Four colour problem and Five colour problem, Greedy colouring algorithm.			
Text 1: Ch - 8.1, 8.3 to 8.6.			

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Explain basic definitions and types of graphs used in modeling.
CO2	Apply solutions using directed graphs and network flows.
CO3	Analyze shortest path algorithms and spanning tree techniques.
CO4	Evaluate Graphical representation of different types of Matrices and the representation of Planar Graphs.
CO5	Design graph colouring, matching, and planar graphs in applications.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)			
Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.			

Textbooks

1. NarsinghDeo, Graph theory with the applications to engineering & Computer Science, Dovers Publications, 2016
2. J.A. Bondy and U.S.R. Murty. Graph theory with Applications, Springer, 2008.

Reference Books

1. Garry Chartand and Ping Zhang, Introduction to Graph Theory, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
2. Frank Harary, Graph Theory, Narosa Publishing House, Latest edition.
3. R. Diestel, Graph Theory, free online edition, 2016: diestel-graph-theory.com/basic.html.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): VTU EDUSAT Program

1. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
2. [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
3. <http://academicearth.org/>
4. VTU e-Shikshana Program



B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches)			
Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS)			
SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	METRICSPACES		
Course Code:	BCS405C	CIE MARKS	50
L :T : P: SL	(3:0:0) + (45 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	03	EXAM HOURS	03
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
1. Provideinsight into thetheoryof sets			
2. Learnbasicconceptsofmetric spaces			
3. Understandthe concepts ofconnectedsetsandcompactspaces			
Module-1		9 Hours	
Finite and infinite sets, countable and uncountable sets, cardinalityof sets, Schroder-Bernstein theorem, cantor's theorem, Order relation in cardinal numbers, Arithmetic of cardinalnumbers, Partially ordered set, Zorn's lemma and axioms of choice, various set-theoretic paradoxes.			
Textbook 1 0.1–0.4 (Appendix/Preliminaries) Reference 3: 1.1, 1.6–1.8, 1.9			
Module-2		9 Hours	
Definition and examples of metric spaces, Open spheres and Closed spheres, Neighborhoods, Open sets, Interior, Exteriorand boundarypoints, Closedsets, Limit points and isolated points, Interior and closure of a set, Boundary of a set, Bounded sets, Distance between two sets, Diameter of a set.			
Textbook 1: 1.1, 2.1–2.3, 3.1–3.4			
Textbook 2: 1.1, 2.1–2.5, 3.1–3.3			
Module-3		9 Hours	
Cauchy and Convergent sequences, Completeness of metric spaces, Cantor's intersection theorem,Densesetsand separablespace, nowhereDensesets and Baire's categorytheorem, continuous and uniformly continuous functions, Homeomorphism. Banach contraction principle.			
Textbook 1: 4.1–4.3, 5.1–5.4, 6.1, 7.1–7.3			
Textbook 2: 4.1–4.4, 5.1–6.3, 9.1–9.2			
Module-4		9 Hours	
Compactspaces,Sequentialcompactness,Bolzano-Weierstrassproperty,Compactness andfinite intersectionproperty,Heine-Boreltheorem,Totallyboundedset,equivalenceofcompactnessand sequential compactness.			
Textbook 1: 8.1–8.5			
Textbook 2: 7.1–7.4			
Module-5		9 Hours	
Separated sets, Disconnected and connected sets, components, connected subsets of R, Continuousfunctions on connected sets. Local connectedness and arc-wise connectedness.			
Textbook 1: 9.1–9.3			
Textbook 2: 8.1–8.4			

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Explain the basic concepts of metric spaces and normed spaces.
CO2	Apply the concept of open, closed, and compact sets in metric spaces.
CO3	Analyze convergence, continuity, and completeness
CO4	Evaluate the role of completeness and contraction mappings.
CO5	Apply Baire's Theorem and Heine-Borel Theorem in analysis.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C .
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.			

Textbooks

1. P.K.Jain&KhalilAhamad,“MetricSpaces”.Narosa, 2019.
2. MichealO;Searcoid,“Metricspaces”.Springer-Verlag,2009.

Reference Books

1. SatishShirali&HarikishanL.Vasudeva,“MetricSpaces”,Springer-Verlag,2006.
2. E.T.Copson,“Metricspaces”,CambridgeUniversityPress,1988.
3. P.R.Halmos,“NaiveSetTheory”.Springer,1974.
4. S.Kumaresan,“TopologyofMetricspaces”,2nd edition,Narosa, 2011.

B.E. (CSE and Allied Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	GAME THEORY		
Course Code:	BCS405D	CIE MARKS	50
L :T : P: SL	(3:0:0) + (45 Hours / Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	03	EXAM HOURS	03
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Comprehend the basics of strategic gaming and mixed strategic equilibrium. 2. Enable students to develop skills on extensive gaming strategies. 3. Analyze and discuss various gaming models. 4. Illustrate some real-time situations.			
Module-1			9 Hours
Introduction to Strategic Games: What is game theory? The theory of rational choice, Strategic games; Examples: The prisoner's dilemma, Bach or Stravinsky, Matching pennies; Nash equilibrium; Examples of Nash equilibrium; Best response functions; Dominated actions. Textbook 1: Ch – 1.1 to 1.2, 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 to 2.9			
Module-2			9 Hours
Introduction: Strategic games in which players may randomize; Mixed strategy Nash equilibrium; Dominated actions; Pure equilibrium when randomization is allowed. Illustration: Expert Diagnosis; Equilibrium in a single population. Textbook 1: Ch – 4.1 to 4.7			
Module-3			9 Hours
Extensive games with perfect information; Strategies and outcomes; Nash equilibrium; Sub- game perfect equilibrium; Finding sub-game perfect equilibria of finite horizon games: Backward induction; Illustrations: The ultimatum game, Stackelberg's model of duopoly. Textbook 1: Ch – 5.2 to 5.6, 6.2 to 6.3			
Module-4			9 Hours
Bayesian Games, Motivational examples; General definitions; Two examples concerning information; Illustrations: Cournot's duopoly game with imperfect information, Providing a public good; Auctions: Auctions with an arbitrary distribution of valuations. Textbook 1: Ch – 9.1 to 9.7, 9.9			
Module-5			9 Hours
Competitive Games: Strictly competitive games and maximization. Repeated games: The main idea; Preferences; Repeated games; Finitely and infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma; Strategies in an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma; Nash equilibrium of an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma, Nash equilibrium payoffs of an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma. Textbook 1: Ch – 11.3, 14.1 to 14.6			

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Describe basic game theory concepts including utility, payoff, and strategy.
CO2	Apply two-player zero-sum game models using different strategies.
CO3	Analyze Nash equilibrium and mixed strategy solutions.
CO4	Evaluate dominant strategies and minimax approaches in games
CO5	Construct models for real-world strategic situations using game theory.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.			

Textbooks

1. **Martin J. Osborne:** *"An Introduction to Game Theory"*, Oxford University Press, 1stEd., 2003.
2. **Martin J. Osborne and Ariel Rubinstein:** *"A Course in Game Theory"*, MIT Press, 1st Ed., 1994

Reference Books

1. **John von Neumann and Oskar Morgenstern:** *"Theory of Games and Economic Behavior"*, Princeton University Press, 60th Anniversary Ed., 2007.
2. **R. Duncan Luce and Howard Raiffa:** *"Games and Decisions: Introduction and Critical Survey"*, Dover Publications, Reprint Ed., 1989.
3. **Roger B. Myerson:** *"Game Theory: Analysis of Conflict"*, Harvard University Press, 1st Ed., 1997.
4. **Robert Gibbons:** *"Game Theory for Applied Economists"*, Princeton University Press, 1st Ed., 1992.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111>
2. [http://www.class-central.com/subject/math\(MOOCs\)](http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs))
3. <http://academicearth.org/>
4. VTU e- Shikshana Program
5. VTU EDUSAT Program.
6. <http://www.themathpage.com/>
7. <http://www.abstractmath.org/>
8. <http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/>

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

B.E. (CSE(AI&ML)) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title	NOSQL USING MONGODB		
Course Code	BCIL456B	CIE MARKS	50
L: T: P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	01	EXAM HOURS	3
Course Learning Objectives: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> - To introduce students to the fundamentals of NoSQL databases and the advantages of using MongoDB in modern application development. - To enable students to perform CRUD operations, indexing, aggregation, and advanced querying techniques using MongoDB. - To develop proficiency in handling complex data structures such as embedded documents and arrays within collections. - To equip students with the ability to build data-driven applications by integrating MongoDB with platforms like Node.js for real-world solutions.			
Exp#	Experiment Title		
1	Create a students collection with fields: rollNo, name, branch, cgpa, skills (array).		
2	Create a products collection with productId, name, category, price, inStock, ratings (array).		
3	Create orders collection with embedded documents: <pre>{ orderId, customerName, items: [{ productId, quantity, price }], orderDate, status }</pre>		
4	Build employees collection with empId, name, department, salary, joiningDate, skills.		
5	Create books collection with isbn, title, author, genres, publishedYear, availableCopies.		
6	Create movies collection with title, releaseYear, genres, ratings (array), actors.		
7	Create patients collection with patientId, name, age, diseases (array), admissionDate, discharged.		

8	Create blogs collection with postId, author, title, content, comments (embedded array of { name, comment, date })
9	Create courses with courseCode, title, credits, department, enrolledStudents (array of student IDs)
10	Create sales collection with saleId, product, amount, quantity, date, region
11	Create users collection with userId, name, email, enrolledCourses, progress (embedded object)
12	Create flights collection with flightId, airline, from, to, departureTime, bookings (array of passenger IDs)
13	Create restaurants with name, cuisine, location, reviews: array of { user, rating, comment }
14	Create events collection with eventId, title, date, participants, venue, category

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Apply foundational MongoDB commands to create and manage databases and collections, and perform CRUD operations effectively.
CO2	Construct and execute advanced queries using operators, projections, and array manipulations for efficient data retrieval and transformation.
CO3	Implement data aggregation pipelines, indexing strategies, and embedded document operations to support performance optimization and complex data relationships.
CO4	Design and develop practical applications using MongoDB, integrating it with programming environments like Node.js for real-world data handling scenarios.
CO5	Apply foundational MongoDB commands to create and manage databases and collections, and perform CRUD operations effectively.

Textbook

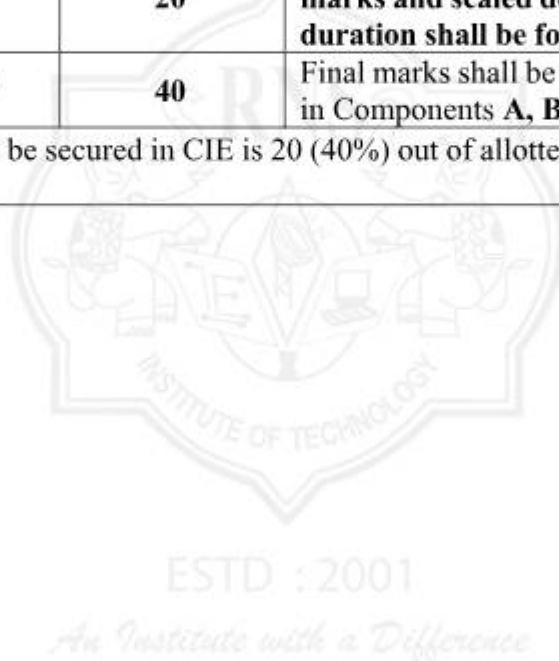
1. Kristina Chodorow, "MongoDB: The Definitive Guide – Powerful and Scalable Data Storage", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2019.

Reference Books:

1. Navin Sabharwal and Shankatala Guha, "MongoDB Essentials", Packt Publishing, 2015.
2. Kyle Banker, "MongoDB in Action", Second Edition, Manning Publications, 2016.
3. Amol Nayak, "MongoDB for Developers", Packt Publishing, 2014.
4. Sasidharan C., "Mastering MongoDB 6.x", Packt Publishing, 2023.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			



B.E. (CSE(AI&ML)) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title	SCALA		
Course Code	BCIL456C	CIE MARKS	50
L: T: P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	01	EXAM HOURS	3
Course Learning Objectives: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. Model data using algebraic data types, represented in Scala as families of sealed traits and case classes. 2. Use structural recursion and pattern matching to traverse and transform data. 3. Learn programming with the common data structures of Scala. 4. Learn object-oriented programming in Scala			
Exp#	Experiment Title		
1	a. Write a Scala program to compute the sum of the two given integer values. If the two values are the same, then return triples their sum. b. Write a Scala program to check two given integers, and return true if one of them is 22 or if their sum is 32.		
2	a. Write a Scala program to remove the character in a given position of a given string. The given position will be in the range 0...string length -1 inclusive. b. Write a Scala program to create a new string taking the first 5 characters of a given string and return the string with the 5 characters added at both the front and back.		
3	a. Write a Scala program to print the multiplication table of a given number using a for loop. b. Write a Scala program to find the largest element in an array using pattern matching		
4	a. Write a Scala function to calculate the product of digits in a given number. b. Write a Scala function to check if a given number is a perfect square.		
5	a. Write a Scala program that creates a subclass Student that extends the Person class. Add a property called grade and implement methods to get and set it. b. Write a Scala program that creates a class Triangle with properties side1, side2, and side3. Implement a method isEquilateral to check if the triangle is equilateral.		
6	a. Write a Scala program that creates an enum class Color with values for different colors. Use the enum class to represent an object's color. b. Write a Scala program that creates a class ContactInfo with properties name, email, and address. Create a class Customer that includes a ContactInfo object.		

7	a. Write a Scala program to create a set and find the difference and intersection between two sets. b. Write a Scala program to create a set and find the second largest element in the set.
8	a. Write a Scala program to create a list in different ways. Note: Use Lisp style, Java style, Range list, Uniform list, Tabulate list. b. Write a Scala program to flatten a given List of Lists, nested list structure.
9	a. Write a Scala program to add each element n times to a given list of integers. b. Write a Scala program to split a given list into two lists.
10	a. Write a Scala program to swap the elements of a tuple Further print no swapping required if elements are same. b. Write a Scala program to find non-unique elements in a tuple.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Get familiar with the Scala syntax and object-oriented principles
CO2	Learn advanced concepts - loops, expressions, inheritance, pattern matching
CO3	Learn to write clean and functional Scala codes and test it.
CO4	Learn functional programming using Scala

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Textbook

1. Programming Scala, Third Edition, O'Reilly Media.
2. Paul Chiusano, Rúnar Bjarnason, Functional Programming in Scala 1st Edition, Manning Publications

E- Learning Resources

1. <https://docs.scala-lang.org/tutorials/scala-for-java-programmers.html>
2. <https://www.javatpoint.com/scala-tutorial>



B.E. (CSE(AI&ML)) Outcome Based Education(OBE) and Choice Based Credit System(CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title	JULIA		
Course Code	BCIL456D	CIE MARKS	50
L: T: P	0:0:2	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	01	EXAM HOURS	3
Course Learning Objectives: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. To introduce the basics of Julia programming language. 2. To illustrate the data structures of Julia programming language. 3. To make use of built-in functions and packages.			
Exp#	Experiment Title		
1	1a. Develop a Julia program to simulate a calculator (for integer and real numbers). 1b. Develop a Julia program to add, subtract, multiply and divide complex numbers. 1c. Develop a Julia program to evaluate expressions having mixed data types (integer, real, floating-point number and complex).		
2	2a. Develop a Julia program for the following problem: A computer repair shop charges \$100 per hour for labour plus the cost of any parts used in the repair. However, the minimum charge for any job is \$150. Prompt for the number of hours worked and the cost of parts (which could be \$0) and print the charge for the job. 2b. Develop a Julia program to calculate a person's regular pay, overtime pay and gross pay based on the following: If hours worked is less than or equal to 40, regular pay is calculated by multiplying hours worked by rate of pay, and overtime pay is 0. If hours worked is greater than 40, regular pay is calculated by multiplying 40 by the rate of pay, and overtime pay is calculated by multiplying the hours in excess of 40 by the rate of pay by 1.5. Gross pay is calculated by adding regular pay and overtime pay.		
3	3a. An amount of money P (for principal) is put into an account which earns interest at r% per annum. So, at the end of one year, the amount becomes $P + P \times r / 100$. This becomes the principal for the next year. 3b. Develop a Julia program which reads numbers from a file (input.txt) and finds the largest number, smallest number, count, sum and average of numbers.		
4	4a. Develop a Julia program and two separate functions to calculate GCD and LCM. 4b. Develop a Julia program and a recursive function to calculate factorial of a number. 4c. Develop a Julia program and a recursive function to generate Fibonacci series.		

5	5a. Develop a Julia program which reads a string (word) and prints whether the word is palindrome. 5b. Develop a Julia program which reads and prints the words present in a file (input.txt) having Random Data in which words are dispersed randomly (Assumption: a word is a contiguous sequence of letters. A word is delimited by any non-letter character or end-of-line).
6	6a. Develop a Julia program to determine and print the frequency with which each letter of the alphabet is used in a given line of text. 6b. Develop a Julia program to generate a plot of mathematical equation: $y = \sin(x) + \sin(2x)$.
7	7a. A survey of 10 pop artists is made. Each person votes for an artist by specifying the number of the artist (a value from 1 to 10). Develop a Julia program to read the names of the artists, followed by the votes, and find out which artist is the most popular. 7b. Develop a Julia program to generate a plot of (solid & dotted) a function: $y=x^2$ (use suitable data points for x).
8	8a. Given a line of text as input, develop a Julia program to determine the frequency with which each letter of the alphabet is used (make use of dictionary) 8b. Develop a Julia program to fetch words from a file with arbitrary punctuation and keep track of all the different words found (make use of set and ignore the case of the letters: e.g. to and To are treated as the same word)
9	9a. Develop a Julia program to evaluate expressions consisting of rational, irrational number and floating-point numbers) 9b. Develop a Julia program to determine the following properties of a matrix: determinant, inverse, rank, upper & lower triangular matrix, diagonal elements, Euclidean norm and Square Root of a Matrix.
10	10a. Develop a Julia program to determine addition and subtraction of two matrices (element -wise). 10b. Develop a Julia program to perform multiplication operation on matrices: scalar multiplication, element wise multiplication, dot product, cross product.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the syntax, environment setup, and fundamental constructs of the Julia language.
CO2	Apply Julia's control structures and functions to develop basic programs.

CO3	Use and manipulate data structures such as arrays, tuples, sets, and dictionaries in Julia.
CO4	Utilize built-in functions and external packages for mathematical and scientific computation.
CO5	Demonstrate the ability to debug, test, and optimize Julia code for problem-solving tasks.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE Practical (A)	30	-	Marks awarded for Weekly Conduction of Experiments and Submission of Laboratory records, scaled to 30 marks.
CIE Practical Test (B)	20	-	Average of marks of Two tests, each conducted for 100 marks covering all experiments, scaled to 20.
Total CIE Practical (A+B)	50	20	Sum of Marks of Experiments, Record and Test shall be CIE marks awarded for a maximum of 50.
SEE (C)	50	20	SEE is a lab exam, conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Textbook

1. "Think Julia: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", Authors: Ben Lauwens, Allen B. Downey, Publisher: O'Reilly Media, ISBN: 9781492045034.
2. "Julia Programming Projects", Authors: Adrian Salceanu, Publisher: Packt Publishing

Suggested Learning Resources:

1. Julia Programming Projects, Author: Adrian Salceanu, Publisher: Pack Publishing, Description: Intermediate-level book focusing on solving real-world problems using Julia.
2. Mastering Julia, Author: Malcolm Sherrington, Publisher: Packt Publishing.

E- Learning Resources

1. The Julia Programming Language- <https://julialang.org>
2. Julia Documentation - <https://docs.julialang.org>

B.E. (Common to All Branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – IV / V			
Course Title:	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES		
Course Code:	BENS407 / 507	CIE MARKS	50
(L : T : P)+ SL	(2:0:0) + (30 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	2	EXAM HOURS	2
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. Introduce the basic concepts of ecology and ecosystem functioning, including biodiversity and biogeochemical cycles.			
2. Understand various types of environmental pollution, their sources, impacts, and preventive measures.			
3. Explore causes of environmental degradation and methods of conservation with special emphasis on Indian biodiversity.			
4. Create awareness about climate change, global warming, environmental legislation, and significant environmental movements in India.			
Module-1			6 Hours
Ecology: Basic concepts of ecosystem. Ecosystems (structure and function)- forest, desert, wetlands, river, oceanic and lake. Biotic and Abiotic components; Food chain; Ecological pyramid.			
Biogeochemical Cycles: carbon cycle, nitrogen cycle, phosphorus cycle, water cycle			
Sustainability: 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)- history, targets, implementation, capacity development.			
Module-2			6 Hours
Environmental Pollution: Surface and ground water pollution, noise pollution, soil pollution, air pollution and marine pollution - sources, impacts on living beings, impacts on environment, preventive measures. case-study on marine pollution.			
Water Chemistry: Significance and effect of pH, total dissolved solids and hardness. Case study on impact of fluoride on human health.			
Module-3			6 Hours
Environmental Degradation: Causes and effects of deforestation, desertification, soil erosion and glacier melting.			
Environmental Conservation: Significance and key features of national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, reserved forest and mangrove forest. Importance of western ghats as biodiversity hotspot (flora and fauna)			
Module-4			6 Hours
Indian Monsoon and Global Warming			
Climate- Impact on monsoons, significance of El Nino and La Nina on India climate.			

Global warming: causes, greenhouse gases, effects on environment and human health. Causes and effects of acid rain and ozone depletion. Air sampler and its importance in assessing pollutants.

Module-5

6 Hours

Environmental Legislation: Environmental Protection Act 1984: Definition, Significance and key features.

Indian Environmental Movements: Bishnoi Movement, Chipko & Appiko movement.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Describe the components and functions of ecosystems and explain major biogeochemical cycles and sustainability goals.
CO2	Understand various forms of pollution and environmental degradation, along with their impacts on ecosystems and human health.
CO3	Demonstrate awareness of climate issues, Indian environmental legislation, and the role of community-based movements in environmental protection.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)			
Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the			

method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.

Textbooks

1. BennyJoseph, “Environmentalstudies”, 3rded., TataMcGraw-Hill, 2017.
2. SMPrakash, “Environmentalstudies”, 3rd ed.,Pristinepublishinghouse, 2018.

ReferenceBooks:-

1. M.AnjiReddy, “TextbookofenvironmentalscienceandTechnology”, revised ed.,BSpublishations, 2014.
2. Dr.B.SChauhan, “Environmentalstudies”, 1st ed., Universityofsciencepress, 2008.



B.E. (Common to all branches)			
Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)			
SEMESTER – IV / V			
Course Title:	BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS		
Course Code:	BBOE407/507	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	(2:0:0) + (30 Hours/Sem)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	2	EXAM HOURS	2
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES:			
<i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i>			
1. Familiarize the students with the basic biological concepts and their engineering applications.			
2. Enable the students with an understanding of bio design principles to create novel devices and structures.			
3. Provide the students an appreciation of how biological systems can be re-designed as substitute products for natural systems.			
4. Motivate the students to develop interdisciplinary vision of biological engineering.			
Module-1		6 Hours	
Introduction to fundamentals of life. Structure and functions of a cell. Biomolecules: Properties and functions of Carbohydrates, Nucleic acids, Proteins, Enzymes and Lipids.			
Module-2		6 Hours	
Introduction to applications of biomolecules, Carbohydrates in cellulose-based water filters production, PHA and PLA in bioplastics production, Nucleic acids in vaccines and diagnosis, Proteins in food production, Enzymes in biosensors fabrication, food processing, enzymes in biobleaching, Lipids in biodiesel and detergents production.			
Module-3		6 Hours	
Introduction to adaptations of anatomical principles for bioengineering design, Brain as a CPU system. Eye as a Camera system. Heart as a pump system. Lungs as purification system. Kidney as a filtration system.			
Module-4		6 Hours	
Introduction to nature inspired biomaterials and mechanisms, Echolocation, Photosynthesis. Bird flying, Lotus leaf effect, Plant burrs, Shark skin, Kingfisher beak. Artificial blood - haemoglobin-based oxygen carriers (HBOCs) and perfluorocarbons (PFCs).			
Module-5		6 Hours	
Introduction to trends in bioengineering, Tissue engineering, stem cells and their applications, Bioprinting techniques and materials. Electrical tongue and electrical nose in food science, DNA origami and Biocomputing, Bioimaging and Artificial Intelligence for disease diagnosis. Bioconcrete.			

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Corroborate the concepts of biomimetics for specific requirements.
CO2	Understand the basic biological concepts for relevant industrial applications. adaptation.
CO3	Evaluate the principles of design and development, for exploring engineering knowledge in biological
CO4	Think critically towards exploring innovative biobased solutions for socially relevant problems.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)			
Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Two tests each of 50 marks shall be conducted. Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests shall be scaled down to 30 marks.
Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2 (*if it is project based, one assignment shall be given), scaled to 20 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	CIE Evaluation is done for a maximum of 50 marks
SEE (C)	50	18	SEE is a theory exam conducted for 100 marks and scaled down to 50 marks. Exam duration shall be for 3 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 20 (40%) out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE. - If any courses of 3 credits are of Integrated Course type, for such courses the method suggested for 4 credits IPCC shall be followed.			

Textbooks

1. Basuchandra's Biology for Engineers, Chandra shekara. B.M, Basavaraju B.C, 2025.
2. Biology for Engineers, Rajendra Singh C and Rathnakar Rao N, Rajendra Singh C and Rathnakar Rao N Publishing, Bengaluru, 2023.

Reference Books

1. Human Physiology, Stuart Fox, Krista Rompolski, McGraw-Hill eBook. 16th Edition, 2022
2. Biology for Engineers, Thyagarajan S., Selvamurugan N., Rajesh M.P., Nazeer R.A., Thilagaraj W.
3. Barathi S., and Jaganthan M.K., Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2012.
4. Biology for Engineers, Arthur T. Johnson, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis, 2011
5. Biomedical Instrumentation, Leslie Cromwell, Prentice Hall 2011.
6. Biology for Engineers, Sohini Singh and Tanu Allen, Vayu Education of India, New Delhi, 2014.
7. Biomimetics: Nature-Based Innovation, Yoseph Bar-Cohen, 1st edition, 2012, CRC Press.
8. Bio-Inspired Artificial Intelligence: Theories, Methods and Technologies, D. Floreano and C.Mattiussi, MIT Press, 2008.
9. Bioremediation of heavy metals: bacterial participation, by C R Sunilkumar, N Geetha, A C Udayashankar, Lambert Academic Publishing, 2019.

B.E. (Common to All branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	Universal Human Values (UHV)		
Course Code:	BUHV408	CIE MARKS	50
(L: T: P) + SL	(1:0:0) + (15 HOURS / SEM)	SEE MARKS	50
Credits:	01	EXAM HOURS	02
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: <i>The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to:</i> 1. To help the students appreciate the essential complementarity between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings. 2. To facilitate the development of a Holistic perspective among students towards life and profession as well as towards happiness and prosperity based on a correct understanding of the Human reality and the rest of existence. Such a holistic perspective forms the basis of Universal Human Values and movement towards value-based living in a natural way. 3. To highlight plausible implications of such a Holistic understanding in terms of ethical human conduct, trustful and mutually fulfilling human behaviour and mutually enriching interaction with Nature. 4. This course is intended to provide a much-needed orientation input in value education to the young enquiring minds.			
Module-1			3 Hours
Introduction to Value Education: Right Understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility (Holistic Development and the Role of Education) Understanding Value Education, Self-exploration as the Process for Value Education, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity – the Basic Human Aspirations, Happiness and Prosperity – Current Scenario, Method to Fulfil the Basic Human Aspirations.			
Self-Learning Activity: Self-exploration exercise where students write about their understanding of happiness and prosperity.			
Module-2			3 Hours
Harmony in the Human Being: Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body, distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument of the Self, Understanding Harmony in the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body, Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health.			
Self-Learning Activity: Students will categorize their daily needs into 'self' and 'body' to understand their coexistence.			
Module-3			3 Hours
Harmony in the Family and Society: Harmony in the Family – the Basic Unit of Human Interaction, 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship, 'Respect' – as the Right			

Evaluation, Other Feelings, Justice in Human-to- Human Relationship, Understanding Harmony in the Society, Vision for the Universal Human Order.

Self-Learning Activity: Students will write and share a personal story where trust or respect played a key role in a relationship.

Module-4

3 Hours

Harmony in the Nature/Existence: Understanding Harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness, self-regulation and Mutual Fulfilment among the Four Orders of Nature, Realizing Existence as Co-existence at All Levels, The Holistic Perception of Harmony in Existence.

Self-Learning Activity: Students will have a nature walk to observe and reflect on coexistence and mutual fulfilment in nature.

Module-5

3 Hours

Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics: Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct, A Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Competence in Professional Ethics Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models- Typical Case Studies, Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession.

Self-Learning Activity: Students are engaged in drafting their personal code of professional ethics aligned with human values.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Identify and describe the role of self, family, society, and nature in achieving holistic human well-being.
CO2	Analyze real-life personal and societal problems through the lens of human values and ethical reasoning.
CO3	Apply human values to interpersonal and professional situations to ensure harmony in relationships and society.
CO4	Integrate sustainability, ethics, and lifelong learning into personal and professional practices.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
CIE – IA Tests (A)	30	-	Average of Two Internal Assessment Tests (MCQs) each conducted for 25 marks.
Alternate Assessment (B)	20	-	Any two Assessment methods as per 24RNBE4.2, scaled to 25 marks.
Total CIE (A+B)	50	20	The sum of two tests, two assignments, will be out of 100

			marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks.
SEE (C)	50	18	Question papers having 50 MCQs with each question carrying 01 mark, and Examination duration is 2 hours.
CIE + SEE (A+B+C)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B and C.
The minimum marks to be secured in CIE are 20 out of allotted 50 marks to appear for SEE.			

Textbooks

1. The Textbook A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034- 47-1
2. The Teacher's Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G

Reference Books

1. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amar kantik, 1999.
2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
5. Small is Beautiful - E. F Schumacher.
6. Slow is Beautiful - Cecile Andrews
7. Economy of Permanence - J C Kumarappa
8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj – Pandit Sunderlal
9. Rediscovering India - by Dharampal
10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule - by Mohandas K. Gandhi
11. India Wins Freedom - Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
12. Vivekananda - Romain Rolland (English)
13. Gandhi - Romain Rolland (English)
14. Sussan George, 1976, How the Other Half Dies, Penguin Press. Reprinted 1986, 1991
15. Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers, William W. Behrens III, 1972, Limits to Growth – Club of Rome's report, Universe Books.
16. A Nagaraj, 1998, Jeevan Vidya Ek Parichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantik.
17. P L Dhar, RR Gaur, 1990, Science and Humanism, Commonwealth Publishers.
18. A N Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.

19. Subhas Palekar, 2000, How to practice Natural Farming, Pracheen (Vaidik) Krishi Tantra Shodh, Amravati.
20. E G Seebauer & Robert L. Berry, 2000, Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists & Engineers, Oxford University Press
21. M Govindrajan, S Natrajan & V.S. Senthil Kumar, Engineering Ethics (including Human Values), Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Ltd.
22. B P Banerjee, 2005, Foundations of Ethics and Management, Excel Books.
23. B L Bajpai, 2004, Indian Ethos and Modern Management, New Royal Book Co., Lucknow. Reprinted 2008.



B.E. (Common to All Branches) Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) SEMESTER – IV			
Course Title:	NSS-NationalService Scheme		
Course Code:	BNSK459	CIE MARKS	100
L : T : P + SL	(0:0:0) + 30 Hours/Sem	SEE MARKS	0
Credits:	0	EXAM HOURS	-
COURSE LEARNING OBJECTIVES: The purpose of the course is to facilitate the learner to: 1. Understand the community in general in which they work. 2. Identify the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem – solving. 3. Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems. 4. Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes. 5. Develop capacity to meet emergencies and natural disasters & practice national integration and social harmony in general.			
Module-1			
Water conservation techniques – Role of different stakeholders– Implementation.			
Module-2			
Preparing an actionable business proposal for enhancing the village income and approach for implementation.			
Module-3			
Helping local schools to achieve good results and enhance their enrolment in Higher/technical/ vocational education.			
Module-4			
NSS Activity-1			
Module-5			
NSS Activity-2			

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the significance of individual responsibilities towards society and contribute meaningfully to community welfare.
CO2	Analyze environmental and societal issues, and design feasible solutions to address them effectively
CO3	Critically evaluate existing systems and propose practical, sustainable solutions for long-term development.
CO4	Plan and implement government initiatives or self-driven projects effectively in real-life community settings.
CO5	Develop the capacity to respond to emergencies and natural disasters, while practicing national integration, social harmony, and unity in diversity.

ASSESSMENT DETAILS (Both CIE and SEE)

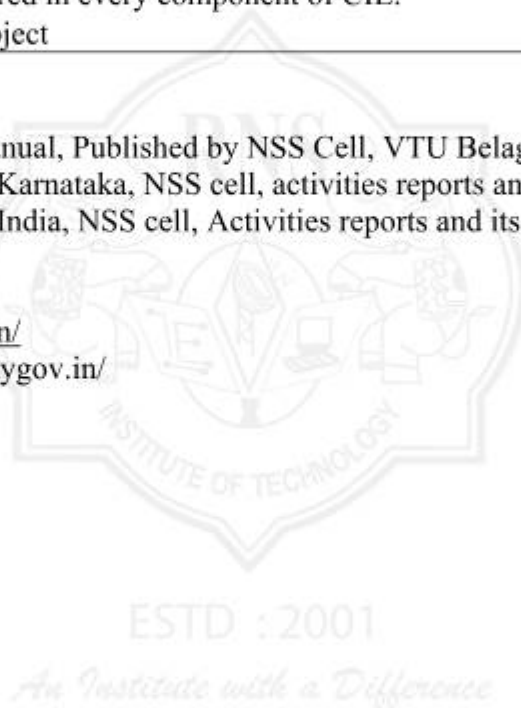
Assessment Type	Maximum Marks	Minimum Passing Marks	Evaluation Details
Evaluation based on Reports (A)	100	-	5 modules Reports, 5 modules X 10 M each = 50 M
Total CIE Theory (A)	100	40	
SEE (B)	-	-	-
CIE+SEE (A+B)	100	40	Final marks shall be the sum of marks scored in Components A, B
- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE is 40 out of allotted 50 marks with minimum 40 % scored in every component of CIE. - No SEE for this subject			

Reference Books:

1. NSS Course Manual, Published by NSS Cell, VTU Belagavi.
2. Government of Karnataka, NSS cell, activities reports and its manual.
3. Government of India, NSS cell, Activities reports and its manual.

Weblinks:

1. <https://nss.gov.in/>
2. <https://pledge.mygov.in/>





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